Newport Mercury.

THE OLDEST PAPER IN AMERICA. ESTABLISHED BY FRANKLIN 1758.

VOLUME CXXXV—No. 46. NEWPORT, R. I., MAY 6, 1893. WHOLE NUMBER 7,016

The Newport Mercury,

—PUBLISHED BY—

JOHN P. SANBORN,

182 THAMES STREET,

NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-fifth year. It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, State, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other States, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

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Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

GEN. NATHANIEL GREENE COUNCIL No. 8, Order United American Mechanics, John M. Holt, Councillor; J. H. Brown, Recording Secretary; meets every Monday evening.

ROGER WILLIAMS LODGE No. 49, I. O. of O. F., William Allen, Noble Grand; Wm. H. Boone, Secretary; meets every Tuesday evening.

MALBONE LODGE No 99, N. E. O. P., Frank G. Scott, Warden; James H. Goddard, Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Wednesday evenings in each month.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. E. McMahon, President; J. J. Butler, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.

OCEAN LODGE, No. 7, A. O. U. W., Geo. H. Wilmarth, Master Workman; Geo. A. Pritchard, Recorder; meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings.

PERSEVERANCE LODGE, No. 336, K. of H., Dictator, Andrew Jackson; Reporter, C. H Chace; meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings.

REDWOOD LODGE No 11, K. of P., William H. Langley, Chancellor Commander; Herbert L. Marsh, Keeper of Records and Seal; meets every Friday evening.

DAVIS DIVISION No. 8, U. R. K. of P., Sir Knight Captain, John H. Wetherell; Daniel F. Ball, Recorder; meets last Friday evening in each month.

Local Matters.

Memorial Day.

The committee of arrangements for the Memorial Day celebration have issued invitations to participate in the exercises to the Newport Artillery, Co. B., the Naval Reserve, Fort Battery, and the officers at Fort Adams, Training Station and Torpedo Station, all of which have been accepted. Capt. Bunce has not, as yet, accepted the invitation to allow the naval apprentices to parade, but it is hoped that he will do so soon. Owing the Election Day coming on the 30th of May, Monday, the 29th, will be observed as Memorial Day. On that day the line will be formed on Washington Square and a street parade made, after which exercises will be held in Masonic Hall. Rev. E. H. Porter will be the chaplain of the day and Rev. H. B. Cady will deliver the oration. At the close of the exercises the line will be re-formed and marched to the cemetery where the customary salute will be fired and the graves of departed comrades decorated. Commander C. H. Clarke will be in command of the line and Commander David M. Coggeshall, Jr., will preside over the exercises at Masonic Hall.

Aldermen's Meeting.

There was a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen last Saturday morning for the purging of the jury box and the consideration of other matters of interest. The list of persons reported by Aldermen Barker and Sherman as qualified to serve as jurors was accepted and grand and petit jurors were drawn for the May term of the Court of Common Pleas: Grand—William H. Chadwick, John Nicholas Brown, George E. Houghton, Thomas Z. Martland, George H. Popple. Petit—Nicholas King, Jr., D. M. Coggeshall, Jr., F. P. Garrettson, William Stevens, W. S. Cooper, George Bacheller, John Greene, W. C. Gorton, W. I. Goddard, Edgar W. Burdick.

Several tavern, eating-house, junk and other licenses were granted, and the sub-committee, appointed to report upon the proposition of the Eastern Fertilizer Co., for the collection and disposition of the city night soil, was authorized to visit and inspect the said company's works and plants elsewhere.

K. of P. Memorial.

The memorial services to be held by Redwood Lodge No. 11, Knights of Pythias at their hall in the Mercury Building tomorrow afternoon are to be of an exceedingly interesting and impressive character. The lodge, which was organized on the 7th of September 1871, has lost only nine members by death, and this will be the first service of the kind ever held by it. Of the nine deaths three have occurred within the last five months. The services will commence at 4.30 and will be presided over by Chancellor Commander Langley. Grand Chancellor Gates and Past Grand Chancellor Goff will be present, and the former will deliver the oration.

Hearing on the Street Widening.

The petition for widening that portion of Thames street which has been under discussion amongst the abutters for the past few weeks was given a public hearing by the Highway committee in the Common Council chamber Thursday evening. Alderman Sherman presided and remarks in favor of the widening were made by Messrs. W. K. Covell, J. M. K. Southwick, J. B. F. Denman, C. E. Hammett, Jr., Gorton Anderson, T. M. Seabury, G. S. Perry, T. T. Pitman, and James B. Cottrell and Drs. Turner and Bradley. No one spoke in opposition to the improvement, but Mr. Schreier thought that the expense should be borne entirely by the abutters directly interested.

Street Commissioner Cotton estimated the expense of repairing the street, after the buildings in question have been set back, at about $2000. City Solicitor Sheffield explained the legal processes under which the prayer of the petitioners could be granted.

It was shown that with the amount of money which the abutters directly interested were willing to subscribe, ($3000) the cost to the city would be little or no more than that necessary to repair the street, and for this the gift from the abutters of about 2500 square feet to be added to the road-bed would be a generous equivalent.

The committee has not yet reported, but it is understood that all members were very favorably impressed.

Tired of Life.

Michael F. Heslin, a butler who has been in the employ of the Vanderbilts for the past thirteen years, committed suicide last Saturday evening at his home in New York. He was one of the servants on duty at The Breakers at the time of the fire and the thought that the family blamed him to some extent for not discovering the fire so preyed upon his mind that he became despondent and began drinking heavily. Saturday night he managed to get possession of a revolver and shot himself in the presence of his wife, dying before help could be obtained.

On Saturday afternoon, while the battery at Fort Adams were eating their supper, Private Thomas Callaghan tried to commit suicide. He loaded his rifle, tied a string to the trigger, fastened the other end to his toe and pointed the muzzle towards his forehead. The shot was fired and Callaghan fell to the floor, uninjured, however, the bullet entering the ceiling. Callaghan was slightly intoxicated at the time and his comrades think he is somewhat demented. He was placed in the Guard House.

Arbor Day.

In accordance with the proclamation by His Excellency, Governor D. Russell Brown, next Friday will be observed as a holiday in this city, but it is not probable that there will be any celebration of any kind. Owing to the large amount of work necessary and length of time occupied in preparing the schools' exhibits for the World's Fair, they have not been able to arrange special programmes for the day's observance as has been their custom in previous years; and owing to the death of Mr. Henry R. A. Carey, the president of the Newport Racing Association, the races, which that organization proposed holding at Aquidneck Fair Grounds, will not take place. The Newports base ball team will have their benefit entertainment in the Opera House in the evening and it is hoped that they will arrange to play a game on Morton Park in the afternoon.

Annual Benefit.

Newport Lodge of Elks gave its fifth annual benefit entertainment at the Opera House Wednesday evening, the attraction being Roland Reed in "Lend Me Your Wife." Like all the Elks' efforts it was a grand success. The music was by Prof. Lilley's Orchestra. The committees who had the affair in charge were, Entertainment committee, Exalted Ruler M. Bull, Past Exalted Ruler John Waters, Brothers A. B. Commerford, John W. Rogers, Louis Shanteler, William Carey Congdon. Reception committee, Brothers John V. Stewart, I. B. Bergman, B. H. Richards, E. P. Therein, S. B. Gladding.

Rev. Mr. Cady gave an illustrated lecture at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening which was well attended and heartly enjoyed. His subject "The First and Second Battles of Bull Run" was an especially interesting one to the many war veterans who were present.

At a meeting of the Business Men's Association Monday evening, William J. Cozzens was elected treasurer vice William H. Hammett resigned; and Fred M. Hammett, was chosen secretary and John Ireys a member of the executive committee to fill the vacancies caused by the other elections.

Mr. Walter Bussell, the popular proprietor of the Casino Grill Rooms, has been called to St. Louis this week to cater for a silver wedding in one of the leading families of that city.

Henry Reginald Astor Carey.

The funeral of the late Henry R. A. Carey, Esq., was solemnized at Emmanuel church Wednesday at noon and the crowded attendance of sorrowing citizens despite the unpleasant weather, bespoke a measure of the high esteem in which the deceased was held by the community in which he lived. The services were conducted according to the ritual of the Protestant Episcopal church by Rev. E. H. Porter, rector of the church, assisted by Rev. C. G. Gillilat of St. George's church, and included one hymn—"Nearer My God to Thee." The casket enclosing the remains was plain black with heavy silver trimmings and a plate bearing the following inscription:

Henry Reginald Astor Carey
Born July 9, 1865
Died April 29, 1893.

Mr. Carey died at the Everett House in New York and the news of his death, which reached here early Sunday morning, was the first information that his friends at Newport had of his having been ill. He left here Wednesday night of last week to witness the naval parade and was to have returned Saturday evening. Death was caused by heart trouble, a disease with which, it has since been learned, he had been more or less afflicted from infancy.

The deceased was a son of the late John Carey, Jr., and Mary Alidea Astor Carey, and was born in Newport July 9, 1865. He graduated from Harvard in the class of '89, then made an extended European tour and about eighteen months ago returned to Newport which he had always been proud to call his home and where, though possessed of unlimited wealth and a welcome entree to the best American and European society, he determined to make his permanent residence.

He purchased from his brother and sister, Mr. Arthur Astor Carey of Cambridge, and Mrs. Zborowski, at present in Ireland, their respective interests in the home of his late parents, the Carey villa on Spring street, and immediately assumed the interests and the responsibilities of a true, public-spirited citizen.

He was a Democrat in politics and took a deep interest in last fall's campaign, organizing and equipping the "Carey Cavalcade" which will be remembered as a prominent feature in all the public demonstrations of that time.

In the spring he was nominated for second representative on the Democratic General Assembly ticket and on the first Wednesday in April was elected by the largest majority accorded any other man on the ticket. He was a member of the Newport Reading Room, the Casino Club and the Business Men's Association; also of St. John's Lodge of Mason's, and had taken the Red Cross degree in Washington Commandery of Knight's Templars, and was elected Assistant Paymaster of the Newport Artillery Company at its annual meeting last week. He was also a member of the New York Yacht Club, the Union, Knickerbocker and Racquet clubs of New York, the American Pony Association, the Meadow Brook, Tuxedo and Westchester polo clubs, the City, Eastern and Corinthian yacht clubs, and the Somerset and Athletic clubs of Boston.

Interested in whatever he felt would benefit his fellows or improve his native city, and earnest in whatever interested him, Mr. Carey had won a warm place in the hearts of the community and his death is a sad loss to city and citizens alike.

May Festival.

The May Festival given at Masonic Hall Monday evening by the pupils of Miss Burke's dancing class was a very pretty scene and a very enjoyable occasion. The grand march was led by Miss Jennie Stoddard and Master Harry Landers and was participated in by about twenty couples. The crowning of the May Queen, Miss Edith Richards, was a very pretty feature, the crown of flowers being presented by Master Harry Landers and Miss Stratford and Miss Ward acting as maids of honor and Masters Roy Sanborn and Ernest Briggs as guards of honor. The Sir Roger de Coverly and May Pole dances were also very pretty and very well executed and the scarf dance and minuet gavotte by three of Miss Burke's Fall River pupils received much applause. At the close of the special program general dancing was indulged in until midnight.

Mr. H. C. Tilley, general manager of the Cantata of Ruth, entertained all who took part in its production at Eintracht Hall Monday evening. A very pleasing musical programme was rendered, after which refreshments were served and a pleasant social time enjoyed.

Charles Acton Ives, Esq., of this city, has been admitted to practice before the United States Supreme Court.

At a meeting of the Merchants' Club last Saturday evening, it was unanimously voted to disband, which was accordingly done.

Mr. T. E. Sherman who has been confined to the house with a severe attack of La Grippe, is able to be out.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting—The $146,000 Bonds Ordered Issued—The New Industrial School Building Delayed—A Petition for Widening a Portion of Thames Street—Routine Business.

The regular meeting of the City Council for May was held Tuesday evening. All the members of both branches were present, and His Honor, Mayor Horton, presided over the Board of Aldermen and Mr. President Hammett over the Common Council.

The report of the Finance committee was read and received and on its recommendation the following bills were ordered paid from the several appropriations:

City Asylum	$ 817 09
Poor Department	345 34
Board of Health	926 01
Parks and Public Buildings	183 15
Police Department	236 24
Fire Department	675 45
Streets and Highways	3145 93
Watering Streets	37 20
Sewers	436 22
Public Schools	6283 37
Books, Stationery	219 15
Removal House Offal	666 66
Burial Ground Fund	60 00
Dog Fund	269 05
Ward Meetings	537 16
Lighting Streets	3715 97
Incidentals	382 96
Touro Synagogue Fund	13 26
Touro Ministerial Fund	1 00
Joseph Anthony Poor Fund	28 28
Total	$17,784 46

On the further recommendation of this committee a resolution was passed authorizing, in accordance with the vote of the taxpayers at the April election, the issue of bonds of the city to the amount of $146,000, payable in Boston May 15, 19, 23. This resolution met with some opposition on the part of Aldermen Fearing and Boyle, but passed both branches without amendment.

The report of the committee on Public Property was read and received and on its recommendation a resolution was passed transferring to the Burial Ground committee, to be added to the City Cemetery, that tract of land on Long lane belonging to the city and known as the "slaughter-house lot."

The report of the committee on Streets and Highways, showing an expenditure during the past month of $6,789.55 on streets, $1,747.08 on sewers and $37 20 on street watering, was read and received and on its recommendation the sewer in Bowery street, between King and Spring streets, was ordered relayed at a cost of $600.

The tax assessors reported recommending that certain taxes erroneously assessed against Timothy C. Sullivan and Ellen Lynch be remitted, and resolutions in accordance with the recommendations were read and passed.

A resolution was introduced in the Board of Aldermen directing the committee on Industrial School to contract with Mr. Nathan Barker, for the erection on the Townsend lot of the industrial school building in accordance with bids submitted by him last year, and to obtain bids and contract for necessary additions, such as plumbing, heating, etc., at a cost not to exceed $12,013. The Aldermen passed the resolution, Mr. Fearing alone opposing it, but the Common Council non-concurred by a vote of 11 to 4. It was opposed in the Common Council by Mr. McCormick. Both Mr. Fearing and Mr. McCormick are members of the Industrial School committe and their opposition was made on the ground that Mr. Barker's bid, having been made when the city's limit was $18,000, could not in fairness be accepted after that limit had been stretched to $38,000 and the plans changed in accordance with the larger amount. Alderman Hamilton explained that the contract authorized under the resolution was exactly the same as that proposed at the time Mr. Barker's bid was given, and that, under the resolution, the committee would be required to get bids and make contracts for whatever additions the enlarged plans might call for. Mr. Hamilton further stated that he was a builder himself, that he had figured on the original plans against Mr. Barker, and that he considered the provisions of the resolution the only fair, legitimate means by which, under the circumstances, the committee could proceed. He said that so far as Mr. Barker's bid went the plans had not been changed, and that to ask for new bids, after Mr. Barker's figures had been given to the public, would be unfair to Mr. Barker.

A resolution appropriating $250 for a suitable reception to the Viking ship passed the Board of Aldermen, was amended in the Common Council, increasing the amount to $450, and the amendment was concurred in by the upper board.

A resolution was also passed allowing the port physician fees of $5 for each ship visited in the harbor, and $10 for each ship visited outside the harbor, said fees to be paid by the ships' masters.

An invitation to participate in the Memorial Day exercises was received from the committee of the Grand Army Posts and accepted.

A petition signed by a large number of the abutters on Thames street, asking that that thoroughfare, for a distance of about 500 feet, be widened four feet, was received and referred to the committee on Streets and Highways. A Petition from Joseph Loger and others, for a flagstone sidewalk on the south side of Dixon lane, was referred to the same committee.

On the recommendation of the Street Light committee a gas lamp was ordered placed on Ann street, near Thames.

The petition of Fanny Lucas and others, asking that the dead to Lucas avenue be accepted and that the avenue be sewered and repaired was referred to the Highway committee.

The following petitions were received and referred to the committee on Street Lights: Of H. B. Ryder, for the placing of an electric street light on Howard avenue near the eastern boundary of the hospital land; of Phebe A. Bradford and others, for an electric light on Howard avenue near the entrance to the hospital grounds; of abutters and others for six or more electric lights on Bath road, below Cliff avenue, and of Jeremiah Coffee and others, for a street lamp on Heath court.

The matter of a successor to the late Rev. A. P. Mendes, as rabbi of the Jewish Synagogue, was referred to the committee on Finance.

The two boards met in joint convention and elected John Galvin a city bell ringer.

In the Board of Aldermen the usual number of applications for tavern, eating-house, fire works and hack-drivers licenses were attended to and the session closed shortly after 9 o'clock.

Pacifics Re-organize.

The members of the old Pacific base ball team held a meeting Monday night and it was decided to re-organize for the summer. Mr. J. H. Martin was chosen manager and treasurer and Mr. Tom Rice captain. It was decided to change the name to the Newports. It was also decided to try to raise funds to purchase a new uniform, as the suits worn by the team for the past few years are beyond service. To this end Manager Charles Frohman's "Men and Women" have been engaged to play for the Club's benefit at the Opera House next Friday evening. This play is one of the best ever produced here and anyone attending will be well entertained, while at the same time they will be contributing to the benefit of a deservedly popular club.

The Newports will play their first game of the season at Morton Park at 3 P. M., today, their opponents being the Lonsdales, of Lonsdale.

The New Fall River Line Boat.

The new passenger steamer now building for the Fall River Line at Chester, Pa., will soon be launched, and must prove a notable addition even to the great passenger boats of the fleet now owned and operated by this Line. The new boat will be larger than any other of her class now in existence, and in equipment, furnishing and appliances will be complete in every department. The name of the new boat has not yet been announced, and there is much speculation on the part of the public as to what it may be. All curiosity in this regard will soon be gratified.

Death of Mrs. Allman.

Mrs. Martha Peckham, widow of John C. Allman, died at her residence on Poplar street on Saturday last, in the 88th year of her age. Mrs. Allman was an active member of the First Metodist church and up to the time of her illness, was always to be found in some charitable or religious work. She was a true Christian, who devoted her life to the Master's service. Her funeral was solemnized from the First M.E. church Monday afternoon, Rev. Dr. Bass officiating. The choir of the church sang and the bearers were Messrs. David Braman, Charles A. Braman, Oliver R. Braman and William L. McDonald.

Death of Mrs. Albro.

Mrs. Phebe Ann Cook, wife of Mr. David P. Albro, died at her residence on Thursday in the 71st year of her age. Mrs. Albro was a member of the First Baptist church. She was a most estimable woman, of rare Christian virtues and well liked by all who knew her. Her family will have the sympathy of hosts of friends in their bereavement. She leaves a husband, three sons, Messrs. David P. Albro, Jr., Charles Albro and Herbert C. Albro, and four daughters, Mrs. Wm. G. Stevens, Mrs. Edward M. Petzka, Miss Laura Albro and Miss Phebe Albro. The last named has been an invalid for many years.

Mr. James M. Simson, one of the conductors on the electric cars, is in receipt of a very handsome gold locket and watch charm, a gift from an elderly lady patron of the road. Mr. Simson is one of the most obliging men on the road and his many friends are pleased that this testimonial to his worth should be given him.

The eastbound steamers from New York now touch at Newport at 3.15 A. M., fifteen minutes later than heretofore.

Mr. John A. Norman has been confined to the house this week, a victim of La Grippe.

GLEANINGS FROM HISTORY.

Prepared by JAMES C. SWAN.

How Amaziah Made an Expedition Against the Edomites and Amalekites, and Conquered them; but When He Afterwards Made War Against Joash, He Was Beaten, and not Long After was Slain; and Uzziah Succeeded to the Government.

Now, in the second year of the reign of Joash over Israel, Amaziah reigned over the tribe of Judah in Jerusalem. His mother's name was Jehoaddan, who was born in Jerusalem. He was exceeding careful of doing what was right, and this when he was very young; but when he came to the management of affairs, and to the government, he resolved that he ought first of all to avenge his father Jehoash, and to punish those his friends that had laid violent hands upon him; so he seized upon them all, and put them to death; yet did he execute no severity on their children, but acted therein according to the law of Moses, who did not think it just to punish children for the sins of their fathers. After this he chose him an army out of the tribe of Judah and Benjamin, of such as were in the flower of their age, and about twenty years old; and when he had collected about three hundred thousand of them together, he set captains of hundreds over them. He also sent to the King of Israel, and hired a hundred thousand of his soldiers for a hundred talents of silver, for he had resolved to make an expedition against the nations of the Amalekites, and Edomites, and Gebalites, but as he was preparing for his expedition, and ready to go to war, a prophet gave him counsel to dismiss the army of Israelites, because they were bad men, and because God foretold that he should be beaten if he made use of them as auxiliaries, but that he should overcome his enemies, though he had but a few soldiers, when it so pleased God. And when the king grudged at his having already paid the hire of the Israelites, the prophet exhorted him to do what God would have him, because he should thereby obtain much wealth from God. So he dismissed them, and said, that he still freely gave them their pay, and went himself with his own army, and made war with the nations before mentioned; and when he had beaten them in battle, he slew of them ten thousand, and took as many prisoners alive, whom he brought to the great rock which is in Arabia, and threw them down from it headlong. He also brought away a great deal of prey, and vast riches, from those nations. But while Amaziah was engaged in this expedition, those Israelites whom he had hired, and then dismissed, were very uneasy at it, and taking their dismission as an affront, as supposing that this would not have been done to them but out of contempt, they fell upon his kingdom, and proceeded to spoil the country as far as Beth-horon, and took much cattle, and slew three thousand men.

Now upon the victory which Amaziah had gotten, and the great acts he had done, he was puffed up, and began to overlook God, who had given him the victory, and proceeded to worship the gods he had brought out of the country of the Amalekites. So a prophet came to him, and said, that "he wondered how he could esteem these to be gods, who had been of no advantage to their own people, who paid them honors, now had delivered them from his hands, but had overlooked the destruction of many of them, and had suffered themselves to be carried captive, for that they had been carried to Jerusalem in the same manner as any one might have taken some of the enemy alive, and led them thither." This reproof provoked the king to anger, and he commanded the prophet to hold his peace, and threatened to punish him if he meddled with his conduct. So he replied that "he should indeed hold his peace; but foretold withal, that God would not overlook his attempts for innovation." But Amaziah was not able to contain himself under that prosperity which God had given him, although he had affronted God thereupon; but in a vein of insolence he wrote to Joash, the king of Israel, and commanded that he and all his people should be obedient to him, as they had formerly been obedient to his progenitors, David and Solomon; and he let him know, that if he would not be so wise as to do what he commanded him, he must fight for his dominion." To which message Joash returned this answer in writing: "King Joash to king Amaziah. "There was a vastly tall cypress tree in Mount Lebanon, as also a thistle; this thistle sent to the cypress tree, to give the cypress tree's daughter in marriage to the thistle's son; but as the thistle was saying this, there came a wild beast, and trod down the thistle: And this may be a lesson to thee, not to be so ambitious, and to have a care, lest, upon thy good success in the fight against the Amalekites, thou growest so proud as to bring dangers upon thyself and upon thy kingdom."

When Amaziah had read this letter he was more eager upon this expedition, which, as is supposed, was by the impulse of God, that he might be punished for his offence against him. But as soon as he led out his army against Joash, and they were going to join battle with him, there came such a fear and consternation upon the army of Amaziah, as God when he is displeased sends upon men, and discomforted them, even before they came to a close fight. Now it happened, that, as they were scattered about by the terror that was upon them, Amaziah was left alone, and was taken prisoner by the enemy; whereupon Joash threatened to kill him, unless he would persuade the people of Jerusalem to open their gates to him, and receive him and his army into the city. Accordingly Amaziah was so distressed, and in such fear of his life, that he made his enemy to be received into the city. So Joash overthrew a part of the wall, of the length of four hundred cubits, and drove his chariot through the breach into Jerusalem, and led Amaziah captive along with him; by which means he became Master of Jerusalem, and took away the treasures of God, and carried off all the gold and silver that was in the king's palace, and then freed the king from captivity, and returned to Samaria. Now these things happened to the people of Jerusalem in the fourteenth year of the reign of Amaziah, who, after this, had a conspiracy made against him by his friends, and fled to the city of Lachish, and was slain there by the conspirators, who sent men thither to kill him. So they took up his dead body, and carried it to Jerusalem, and made a royal funeral for him. This was the end of the life of Amaziah, because of his innovations in religion and his contempt of God, when he had lived fifty-four years, and had reigned twenty-nine. He was succeeded by his son, whose name was Uzziah.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Reception to a Retiring Pastor.

Rev. Alfred Manchester, brother of Mr. Chas. A. Manchester of this city, has recently accepted a call to Salem, Mass., and Monday evening he and his family were given a complimentary reception at the Olney street church in Providence, where he has been located so long. Providence Journal says of the reception: There were several hundred of the parishioners present, and the affair was of an enjoyable and informal character. Mr. Manchester and his family were escorted as they entered the church to the front of the vestry platform, which was covered with ferns and potted plants. In the midst of the floral display was a beautiful print of "Christ in the temple," presented to the retiring minister by Miss Ethel Smith in behalf of the officers of the Sunday school. A season of formal handshaking ensued, after which refreshments were served. Letters of regret from Rev. Henry J. Cushing, Rev. Augustus M. Lord, Rev. Dr. Henry W. Rugg, and Rev. M. McBurney were read. The remainder of the evening was occupied with a brief vocal and instrumental programme.

The South Kingstown Matter to Have a Hearing Today.

A rescript in the matter of a petition for a writ of mandamus to issue against the town council of South Kingstown, compelling them to call another election for a representative in the General Assembly, was handed down by the Supreme Court, in Providence, on Wednesday. It was a reconsideration of the court's previous opinion and caused no little surprise to those interested, although that surprise was one of pleasure to the Democrats. Still it does not order a new election, and the Republicans do not yet feel that one will be ordered. It is as follows:

Washington, sc.:

Supreme Court,
April Term, A. D., 1893.

Robert W. Burbank, Attorney General, vs. Town Council of South Kingstown. The Court, having re-considered its opinion on the question of its jurisdiction, will hear the parties therein on the questions raised by the demurrer, on Saturday next, 6th inst.

Natural History Society.

The annual meeting was held on Thursday evening, the 4th of May, in the Museum. The reports submitted showed that the Society was progressing very satisfactorily. There had been a largely increased membership, considerable accession to the natural history collections and the library, and a goodly number of interesting lectures had been delivered during the winter sessions. The election of officers and council for the ensuing year resulted as follows:

President—Dr. Storer.
Vice Presidents—Capt. Cotton, Lelley King and J. M. K. Southwick.
Trustees—Prof. Farquhar, L. D. Davis and Col. John Hare Powel.
Librarian—Daniel B. Fearing.
Treasurer—Amos Perkins.
Secretary—A. O'D. Taylor.
Other members of Council—George Gordon King, Dr. Francis H. Rankin, Benjamin Baker, Dr. E. S. F. Arnold and Darius Baker.

The Site of St. John's New Church.

The sale this week of the Benj. K. Smith lot on Washington and Willow streets to Mrs. Sarah Titus Zabriskie, confirms the rumor that she is the donor of the new church for St. John's parish. The lot contains 20,000 square feet of land and immediately adjoins the land on which St. John's Chapel stands. It has a frontage of 150 feet on Washington street and is, for many reasons, the best site that could be selected for the memorial church. The plans for the building have not yet been decided upon, but they will be shortly and it is expected that the ground will be broken for the new edifice at an early date. The price paid for the land was $13,000.

Next Thursday evening a cantata called "Hunt the Thimble, or Nellie's Surprise Party," will be given at Masonic Hall for the benefit of the Ladies' Society of the First Presbyterian church. The management of the affair is in the hands of Mr. Augustus French and a good entertainment is promised.

The Providence Telephone Co. have established a long distance pay station in the insurance office of Messrs. Davis and Ward, which, being on the ground floor, will be found much more convenient to the general public than the one in the Company's office in the third story of the Gas Building.

A slight fire on the roof of the building on Long wharf, occupied by W. H. H. Lawton, caused an alarm from box 3. The department responded promptly but the service of one reel was all that was required.

The Second Ward Club gave a very enjoyable social at Odd Fellows' Hall Monday evening.

Poetry.

The Prayer Seeker.

BY J. G. WHITTIER.

Along the aisle where prayer was made,
A woman, all in black arrayed,
Close-veiled, between the kneeling host,
With gliding motion of a ghost,
Passed to the desk and laid thereon
A scroll which bore these words alone—
"Pray for me!"

Back from the place of worshipping
She glided like a guilty thing;
The rustle of her draperies, stirred
By hurrying feet, alone was heard;
While, full of awe, the preacher read,
As out into the dark she sped:
"Pray for me!"

Back to the night from whence she came,
To unimagined grief or shame!
Across the threshold of that door
None knew the burden that she bore;
Alone she left the written scroll,
The legend of a troubled soul—
Pray for me!

Glide on, poor ghost of woe or sin!
Thou lear'st a common need within;
Each bears like thee some nameless weight,
Some misery inarticulate,
Some secret sin, some shrouded dread,
Some household sorrow all unsaid.
Pray for us.

Pass on! The type of all thou art,
Sweet witness to the common heart!
With face in veil and seal on lip,
In mute and strange companionship,
Like thee we wander to and fro,
Dumbly imploring as we go:
Pray for us!

Ah, who shall pray, since he who pleads
Our want perchance hath greater needs?
Yet they who make their loss the gain
Of others shall not ask in vain,
And heaven bends low to hear the prayer
Of love from lips of self-despair;
Pray for us!

In vain remorse and fear and hate,
Beat with bruised hands against a fate
Whose walls of iron only move,
And open to the touch of love.
He only feels his burden fall
Who, taught by suffering, pities all.
Pray for us!

He prayeth best who leaves unguessed
The mystery of another's breast,
Why cheeks grow pale, why eyes o'erflow,
Or heads are white, thou need'st not know.
Enough to note by many a sign
That every heart hath needs like thine.
Pray for us!

Selected Tale.

A SWISS LOVE STORY.

BY ANNA PIERPONT SIVITER.

In a pretty chalet that nestled high against the shaggy breast of Mount Obgadin lived the widow Neur and her daughter Marie.

A lonely home you would have thought it, but the fir trees that wailed so in your ears whispered good cheer to Marie.

When fierce storms came rushing down the mountain side, she knew the trees would bend their tall heads together and twine their strong arms around her home, until robbed of his victim, the baffled storm rushed by.

When morning broke, the same friends stood erect and stately, drawing aside their leaves and branches, that the sunbeams might not linger in their soft embraces, but hasten down to awaken their favorite, Marie.

Very lovely was the little Swiss maid, with violet eyes that now danced and sparkled and then grew soft and tender as a little child's. Two rose red lips shut in her pearly teeth, and when she smiled a tiny dimple danced for a moment on her peachy cheek. Her hair hung in caressing curls around her low, white forehead, and fell in ripples of golden sunshine far below her slender waist. And her voice! Ah! that was Marie's greatest charm. Soft and clear, not a discordant note marred its sweet, pure harmony. Sometimes as she sang at her evening devotions the herdsmen far below in the valley, catching faint notes of her song, looked up and crossed themselves, half believing they heard the echo of an angel choir.

But very few knew of Marie's beauty. For when she went with her mother on one of her rare visits to the hamlet below, she brushed her wavy hair straight and smooth from her forehead, and braided it in long, stiff plaits which fell down her back.

Her eyelids, with their curtains of of long silky lashes, drooped over her dancing eyes until one looked in vain for a glimpse of their beauty. Her red lips shut firmly over her pearly teeth, while the dimple hid itself resolutely away from sight. And her sweet voice, frightened at its own sound so far from home, grew faint and husky, until, in this shrinking, sober damsel, walking so timidly beside the widow Neur, you would have found it hard to recognize the beautiful Marie of the mountains.

So it happened that only her mother and one other person knew how good and sweet and how fair Marie was.

This other was a stranger who came from a faraway country and spent his summers in a little house on the mountain's very top.

The simple villagers called him the "wizard," and told strange tales of how he spent whole nights gazing at the heavens through a long tube; that he could foretell to an hour when the sun would cover itself with darkness; but, strangest of all, he had a little wire stretched for miles over hills and valleys to the great city. This wire talked to him in a queer language which no one else could understand.

"Tick, tick, tickety, tick," it said, and it told him things that happened miles and miles away.

Marie did not know how wise the wizard was when he came to her home one morning and asked her for a drink of water.

He followed her to the spring when she went for it, and stopped by the way to break open a curious stone. He showed Marie how queerly marked it was inside, and then told her a story about it. The timid maiden was so interested she forgot to be frightened, and thus a strong friendship between the two was begun.

After this the wizard often came to the widow Neur's chalet for rest and refreshment on his long rambles, and Marie unconsciously revealed her charms to him, one by one, until, long before the first summer was ended the stranger knew that no girl in all the canton could be compared to Marie.

On the other side of the mountain from the widow Neur's home lived another widow. She, too, had but one child, a son, who was the pride and delight of her life. This was the brave young hunter and guide, Gustavus Friel.

Every one knew and liked Gustavus. He was straight, tall and handsome, with flashing brown eyes, and a laugh as frank as a child'; he was the favorite of the canton, and there was not a girl within its bounds who would not have been proud to plight her troth to him.

Gustavus, however, cared little for the Obgadin maidens. He would far rather chase the chamois up the mountain side or guide travellers through its dangerous passes, than spend his time with the finest of the maids of the hamlet.

His mother often said, "My son, when wilt thou bring me home a daughter and thyself a wife?"

And Gustavus, smiling and pressing a kiss on her forehead, would answer: "When I find a maid as good as thee, mother; but I want no idle, shrill voiced wife to disturb our quiet home."

But one day his mother said more sadly and seriously than ever before: "Gustavus, I am growing old and feeble. I can no longer make and mend thy clothes and keep our home. Thou must have a wife. Promise me at the fete next week thou wilt choose one from among the maidens there."

Gustavus reluctantly gave her the desired promise, but it weighed heavily upon him. He could think of nothing else, and the more he pondered the heavier his heart grew.

At last he seized his gun and went out on the mountain, but the perplexing questions followed him, until in despair he threw himself on the ground groaning.

"Oh! that some wise man would make this choice for me!"

A moment after he loooked up and saw, as if in answer to his wish, the wizard approaching him.

"Why," he exclaimed to himself, "did I not think of him before? Sure he, if any one, can help me."

Then, with a throbbing heart, Gustavus sprang up to meet him.

The wizard greeted Gustavus warmly, for he felt a strong friendship for the young guide who had taken him safely through many a dangerous mountain excursion.

And now his sympathetic question, "Why, what's troubling you, my boy?" opened the way for Gustavus to pour out all his perplexity, ending his recital with the question:

"Canst thou not help me choose a good wife who will make my life happy? For now I have given my mother my promise to find a wife at the fete next week."

The wizard smiled sympathetically, and then thought in silence a little while before he answered:

"If a pure, true heart is united to a true pure heart both lives must be happy."

"Alas!" answered Gustavus, "but I know not which maiden among them all has the purest, truest heart?"

"There will be one such heart at the fete," answered the wizard, "but you may fail to recognize it. However, if you will come to me tomorrow I will give you a charm that will show you this heart."

Here was comfort indeed, and with a light heart Gustavus thanked his friend and bounded forward.

Left alone, the wizard continued down the mountain side until he came in sight of the widow Neur's chalet, where he found Marie sitting by the spring. Instead of her usual sunshining smile, tiny tear drops stood in her eyes, and there was a grieved look about her rosy lips that made him wish to comfort her.

"What is the matter, little one?" he asked gently.

"Oh, sir," she said, "I want to see the great fete next week, but I have no pretty ornaments to wear, and then—" The long curtains drooped over her shining eyes and the sweet voice sank almost to a whisper.

"The good mother says none of the young men will care to dance with me."

"But why?" asked the wizard in surprise.

"Because I cannot talk and laugh with them as other maidens do. My heart beats fast if they do but glance toward me, and I know not what to say, and so"—here a tear slipped from under the long eyelashes—"my mother says I had better not go."

"Courage, little one," the wizard answered. "Tell your mother," he added suddenly, "that I am going to lend you a silver belt to wear, and that my knowledge tells me that the bravest, handsomest youth in all the land will dance with you quite joyfully."

The happy Marie thanked the wizard as Gustavus had done, and ran off to tell the wonderful news to her mother.

Early next morning Gustavus went for his charm. He found the wizard waiting for him, and taking him into his strange room, the wise man said, smiling as he had the day before, half quizzically, half sympathetically:

"Here's the charm, my good fellow. You see it is a magic ring. Put it on before you go to the fete, and be sure you dance with every maiden there. When you place your arm around the waist of one whose heart is true and good a strange feeling will run through you and your hand will cling to her. But you must be sure that you dance with all!"

Gustavus, greatly wondering, thanked the wizard and slipped on the ring.

It was a curious circlet of iron, with a flat extension, which the wizard bade him wear pointed toward the palm.

When the fete day came Gustavus was there among the other young men, eager to try his charm.

All the maidens of Obdagin canton were there also, and on the outskirts of one of the gay crowds little Marie hovered timidly beside her mother.

"Why didst thou come, Marie?" asked one of the girls.

"Didst thou think any youth would want to dance with a mouse today?" asked another.

Then seeing the quick tears trembling on Marie's lashes, she added more kindly:

"Ah, well, thou canst at least see our good times."

"What a lovely belt thou hast, Marie!" cried another maiden. "Where didst thou get it?"

"The wizard gave it to her," the widow Neur answered shortly, for she did not relish the girl's tone, and she drew her daughter away.

"Come, Marie, let us sit there under the trees and watch the dance."

Marie nestled close to her mother's side, and, as the hours fled and no youth asked her to dance, her head dropped lower and lower, and she wondered if the wise man had made a mistake.

In the meantime Gustavus danced with one after another of the maids, but though he watched with intense eagerness, not once did he feel the strange thrill for which he waited.

"I have danced with them all," he said at last to himself, "except that shy one over there; surely she is not the girl! But, as I promised to dance with all, I will try her, too."

He asked her name of one of the girls, and then going to her said simply: "Marie, wilt thou dance with me?"

Astonishment and delight made Marie for a moment forget her shyness. The wizard's words were come true!

Rising quickly, she said, smiling upon him, and showing her beautiful eyes, already dancing with delight, and the dear little dimple in her cheek:

"Art thou come?"

"She is not so plain, after all," thought Gustavus, as he answered:

"Wast thou looking for me, Marie?"

Marie hung her head without answering, and Gustavus, wondering a little at her words, led her to the dance.

As he placed his arm around her his hand touched her shining belt.

Instantly a strange thrill ran through them both, and Gustavus' arm seemed to cling to Marie's waist.

"Marie! didst thou feel that?" he cried earnestly.

And Marie smilingly answered: "Yes."

So they began dancing, and as they danced it seemed to those watching them that a wonderful transformation came over Marie.

Her hair, shaken lose from its long stiff braid, hung like a glittering veil all around her, her beautiful eyes shone like stars, and the dimpled cheeks and pearly teeth formed a fit hiding place for the laughing voice that now and then rang sweetly and clear from her rosy lips. Not one of the villiage maidens was half so fair as she!

"Surely," said the amazed villagers, "there was never such a handsome couple."

"But is not Marie under a charm," cried others, "she has suddenly grown so lovely?"

But the widow Neur smiled to herself and said:

"Love's witchery, if it is true and pure, will transform all of us and bring out all that is loveliest and best within us."

As for Gustavus, he thought rightly that he had never seen so good and beautiful a creature, and he blessed the wizard for the charm which had led his heart to her.

Long before the summer ended, Gustavus took Marie to be his own and his mother's greatest joy and happiness.

When M. le Wizard returned to Paris that winter he read a scientific paper before the savants of the Academy.

In it he detailed many of his wonderful discoveries and his work during the summer But he did not speak of the most interesting of all—how, by the aid of a little magnet concealed in a steel belt, and a rude ring, he had brought together two loving human hearts, and by so doing had caught some of the happiness of paradise and imprisoned it in a chalet on old Obgadin Mountain.

A New Scheme For Fairs.

Among the new devices for making money at church fairs and other charitable entertainments is one which its originators term "The Living Library." A certain number of books are chosen beforehand, and each one is represented by some young woman who is dressed appropriately to indicate either the title of the book or some leading character therein. Each impersonator must also be thoroughly acquainted with the volume she represents, and her actions and behavior must be in accord with the character chosen.

A catalogue is prepared, and furnished on application, and whenever a book is called for, a curtain is drawn aside, and the living copy stands revealed. The regulations usually governing "The Living Library" are that: first, all books must be secured from the librarian; second, the fee for each book shall be ten cents for ten minutes' use, payable in advance; third, books cannot be called for twice in succession; fourth, persons having called for and obtained the books must relinquish them upon notice from the librarian that the time paid for has reached its limit, or, failing to do so, shall pay at the rate of two cents a minute for overtime; and finally, that no book can be retained for a longer period than twenty minutes.

The rules do not provide for it, but it is understood, of course, that during the busy hours of the fair no book shall be taken off on a promenade through the entertainment-room, and the books themselves are forbidden by the unwritten laws to drink lemonade and eat ice-cream between the hours of eight and ten at night.

Altogether this living library seems destined to prove a great success.—[From Harper's Young People.

Borrowers.

An independent, self-respecting person does not indulge in the pernicious habit of borrowing. Although circumstances may sometimes force such a one to seek temporary assistance, yet, mindful of David's characterization of him who borroweth and payeth not again, there is always a commendable promptness in discharging even the smallest pecuniary obligation. Books borrowed by these conscientious people are treated with the respect due to them, carefully used, and returned unblemished to their owners. To such friends how readily, almost eagerly, do we lend the most precious volumes in our library! But with what trepidation do we hear the careless, inveterate borrower asking for a book! If it ever be returned, it will surely be in a soiled or tattered condition, and there will be a glib, plausible apology, or perhaps none at all. Sometimes our book goes through a course of lendings, the first borrower assuming the rights of ownership, but not the responsibility of the wear and tear of the circulated volume.

Ah, King Solomon, your dictum needs revising! Lenders must submit to losses, to petty drains, to seeing valuable sets of books with dreary gaps in their ranks, or to be branded as hateful or disagreeable if they have moral courage to withstand the borrower's tyranny.—[From Harper's Bazar.

People Who Take Offence Easily.

In this world there are a certain class of individuals who roam about with a chip on their shoulders, daring others to knock it off just for the luxury of indulging in a first class quarrel. To the gentle mannered, sweet dispositioned ones this seems a very questionable sort of enjoyment, yet to some a wordy war or a full-fledged feud constitutes the chief excitement of their lives.

These people always have a quarrel on hand. If it isn't a family affair, then outsiders must suffer. They are quick to take offence, both in public and private, and have no scruples about expressing themselves on paper when they haven't a chance to do so verbally. It is this penchant for writing letters that helps to keep them continually in hot water, as the black and white characters are decided evidence against them even after their anger has had time to cool.

Now, if there were any sense in this sort of conduct, there would be some excuse for it, but there isn't, and, moreover, it makes you doubly unhappy to be always on the outs with some one. You may pretend not to care, but you do just the same, and though pride and temper keep your spirits up for a time in your secret heart you wish you had not been quite so ready to quarrel.—[N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

The Mexican papers tell of a miser named Monecke, who recently died. His relatives were unwilling that his body should be interred, as he had tattooed his will over his chest with some red pigment instead of using pen and ink. The court decreed that the remarkable "human document" should be copied, and the representation duly attested in the presence of witnesses. This was done, and the court has pronounced the queer will genuine.

Mrs. Grim—People know you a great deal better than you think they do.

Mr. Grim—How?

Mrs. Grim—Our church society is getting up some tableaux, and they asked me to take the part of Patience on a monument.

"I say, what is the difference between an uncleanly servant and a chicken?"

"None to speak of. One is a foul domestic, and the other is a domestic fowl."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

English Battle Axes.

What was the great weapon used by the Englishman at Hastings? With what weapon was he armed for the most part when he dealt such deadly blows upon the Norman horsemen in the earlier part of the day? As to the answer to this question we are left in no doubt. History and tradition alike ascribe his long resistance to one weapon, and one weapon alone, the famous Danish axe. William of Malmesbury here is in accord with Wace: "Pedites omnes * * * cum bipennibus," &c., as the Quarterly reviewer cites the passage.

Everywhere in the "Roman de Rou" the same fact stares us in the face. With one exception every single act of valor which the Englishman achieves at Hastings is wrought with the axe or the gisarme. As the Norman weapon was the lance, so the English was the axe. "The Normans," says Harold to his brother Garth, "are good vassals, valiant on foot and on horse, * * * They have long lances and swords, * * * and we have sharp axes and great edged bills." A few lines further on we read that the English were armed with "hache or gisarme," with "axes and well-cutting gisarmes."

Harold's own special friends—the corps d'elite of the English Army—are accoutred with sword and shield, and in addition to this they have hung "great hatchets on their necks, with which they could strike doughty blows." Whenever a special deed of valor is to be credited to an Englishman with one exception, it is due to the axe he bears. And now, what were these axes that dealt such deadly destruction on the Norman knight? As to this we are left in no doubt. Time after time does Wace call them "great axes." The head alone in one instance was a foot in length. And the Bayeux tapestry, out of about twenty axes, represents all except some three as having long handles. Hardly ever do we find in the tapestry the short axe for one hand.—The Contemporary Review.

The Improvement of Horses.

The sooner the farmers in the United States realize the fact that the ordinary and commonly bred horse is likely to deteriorate in value year by year, the better it will be for them. The use of cables to drag street cars has already reduced the service perfomed by horses in the cities, and the extension of the trolley system in the suburbs and the perfection of electric motors will relieve many other thousand of horses from such service. It has not been so very long since nearly all the threshing was done by horses; now only a very small percentage of even the threshing-machines are worked by horse-power. Practically all of the ploughing is now done by horses; but a cheap and practical steam-plough will be shown to visitors to the World's Fair, and it is not improbable that in ten years from now quite a large percentage of ploughing will be done without the aid of horses. The need in the cities and on the farms for fewer horses will tend more and more to reduce their market value. Commonly bred horses will be the first to deteriorate in price; indeed, it is doubtful whether finely bred horses will suffer at all. There is no reason why they should. The purposes for which they are used will not be affected by any inventions revolutionizing methods of transportation or tillage. Even though we could fly in the air with a balloon entirely under control, a spin on the road behind a pair of trotters or a gallop across country would give as much pleasure as ever it gave. The horses who get the blue ribbons in the horse show will continue to be as valuable as ever, while humbler animals—those that drag street cars and ploughs—will be less valuable year by year.—[Harper's Weekly.

Berkshire Best for Bacon.

In a recent article the veteran and venerable A. B. Allen, who has been for fifty years an agricultural writer, says that in regard to the best breed of swine which is possessed in America to produce choice bacon and hams the Berkshire is superior, as he turns out the largest percentage of tender, lean, juicy meat. His nearly equal, perhaps, is the Duroc or Jersey red, or what is called the Tamworth in England. This is supposed to be descended from the old unimproved Berkshire, and consequently a distant relative of the improved of our day. But care must be taken in purchasing Berkshires at the present day, for some of them are nearly spoiled by breeders in the quality of their shoulders, hams and side pieces. They have shortened the head, length and depth of the body, given them a pug nose and fat jowls, like the Chinese, and fed them almost entirely on corn. The result is that the largest percentage of the flesh is fat, instead of tender, lean, juicy meat, totally unfit for bacon. All such breeding should be stopped at once, not only in Berkshire, but in other classes of swine that are reared expecting to make bacon of them.

Mr. Frank Girard
Cherry Valley, Mass.

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Husband and Wife Both Benefited.

"My wife and I have derived great benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla so that we think it an indispensable medicine in our house. It cured me of general debility and mal-assimilation of food, and made me strong and healthy. It brought my wife back to health, after suffering for nearly ten years with nervous debility, sick headache and loss of appetite. She was in very

Weak and Discouraged

Condition, as the medicines had all failed. But Hood's Sarsaparilla has completely cured her, and since she began taking it, she has gained about 20 pounds in weight and is well and strong." Frank Girard, Cherry Valley, Mass.

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Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

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Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
Edwin F. Pardee, M. D.,
"The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

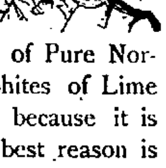
The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York.

Knew His Business.

Queer and racy are the tales told of the skill of the Maine ship builders in the use of the adze and broad-axe. One old-time yarn, repeated in the Sun, is of a carpenter who applied, very drunk, at a shipyard for employment. In order to have a little fun with him, the foreman set him to give a proof of his skill by hewing out a wooden bolt with no chopping-block but a stone. The carpenter accomplished his difficult task without marring the keen edge of the broad-axe, and showed the foreman a neatly made bolt. Then he brought the axe down with a terrific blow that shattered its edge upon the stone. "I can hew just rate on your chopping-block," he hiccoughed; "but I'll be d—d if I can make the axe stick in it when I get through." The story runs that the foreman lost no time in employing such a workman.

Some of the English pumping engines perform work equalling the raising of 20,000,000 gallons one foot high by the consumption of a hundred weight of coal.

It Tastes Good



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FEBRUARY 27, 1893.

Leave Newport for New York 10:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:20, *8:00 P. M. For Providence 10:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:20, 8:00 P. M. For Boston 10:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:20, 8:00 P. M.
Returning, leave New York, †12.00 night, 5:01, 10.00 A. M., 1:00 P. M.
Leave Boston 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 3:00 P. M. Leave Providence 8.40, 11.10 A. M., 2:15, 5:00 P. M.
*Via Providence.
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Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.30, 5.00 P. M. Sundays at 9.45 A. M., 4.00 P. M.
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Proposed Sailings from New York:

Teutonic	Aug. 26, 11 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 2, a. m
Majestic	Sept. 9, 9:30 a. m
Germanic	Sept. 16, 3:30 p. m
Teutonic	Sept. 23, 9:30 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 30, 3:30 p. m
Majestic	Oct. 7, 8:30 a. m

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Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Monday, April 17, 1893, trains will leave Newport, for Boston, week days, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 5.45, 8.30, a9.30, 11.40 A. M., 3.40, 4.35, a5.10, b6 P. M. Middletown, c7.20, c10.15 A. M., c2.55 P. M. Portsmouth Grove, 7.20, c10 15, A. M., c2.55 P. M. Portsmouth, 7.20, c10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.20, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Tiverton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fall River, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Taunton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Middleboro, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. New Bedford, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 3.55 P. M. Lowell, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 10.15 A. M. Nantucket, 10.15 A. M. Providence, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 7.45, 9.55 A. M., 12.40, 4.30, b6.35 P. M.
SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6 00 P. M. Return 4.30 A. M., b7 P. M. For Tiverton, Fall River, North Easton, Bristol Ferry, Taunton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, Braintree, Quincy and New Bedford, 6.00 P. M.

aPark Square Station.
bPark Square Station, boat from Fall River.
cWill stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
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The undersigned having leased his coal and wood wharf, with office at 123 Thames street, to

Abram Almy,

takes this occasion to thank his patrons, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage for his successor.
WM. J. SWINBURNE.

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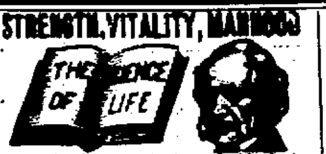

W. H. PARKER, M. D., 4 Bulfinch st., Boston, Mass., *chief consulting physician of the Peabody Medical Institute*, to whom was awarded the GOLD MEDAL by the NATIONAL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION for the Prize Essay on *Exhausted Vitality, Atrophy, Nervous & Physical Debility*, and all *Diseases and Weakness of Man*, **CURES** the young, the middle-aged and old. Consultation in person or by letter. Prospectus, with testimonials, FREE. Large book, The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation, THE PRIZE ESSAY, 300 pages, 125 invaluable prescriptions, full gilt, only $1.00 by mail, double sealed, secure from observation.
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2-11

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THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES heretofore represented in Newport by Mr. John Langley, deceased, having been transferred to me, policies and renewals in the same will be written at this office, where transfers and endorsements can be made:—
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.
Queen Ins. Co. of London.
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester.
Scottish Union & National of Edinburgh and London.
Northern Assurance Co., of London.

The above companies in addition to those already represented by me, enable me to write for any amount desired, at the lowest rates, and the high standing and character of the companies offer the strongest indemnity against fire.

Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y.	$2,588,96
American Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	2,301,8
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Phenix Ins. Co. of Hartford	4,780,122
Imperial Ins. Co. of London	8,727,066
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	7,855,196
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	988,494
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	982,445
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	5,200,171
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,976,061
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester	6,496,181
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1-2

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182 THAMES St.

Why She Lost Him.

BY B. C.

"Will you buy a pin cushion?"

William Campbell stopped short in the quick walk, and looked in the face of the poor woman who addressed him. She was small and thin, with a dreary expression of pain on her faded features.

She seemed to have stopped Campbell in a moment of desperation, as gentlemen are not often interested in pin cushions and needle books, and she went on hurriedly in a low, broken voice, which was interrupted every little while with a deep consumptive cough:

"I am sorry to trouble you, sir, but I thought you looked kind, and I haven't a penny to pay the rent of my room. I must pay tomorrow, or be turned out, and one of my children is lying in it very sick."

"How much is this one?" asked Campbell, holding up the largest in her basket.

"Two dollars," she answered.

He took a roll of bills from his pocket, put the amount in her hand, at the same time transferring the bright silken purchase to the pocket of his overcoat.

"Why don't you go to a more crowded street?" he asked; "you might do better there than in a private one like this."

She shook her head sadly.

"So I do, sir; but I was doing some plain sewing for Miss Steele and I came today hoping she would be able to pay me for it."

"Does Miss Steele live here?" asked Campbell, looking at the house they were standing before.

"No, sir; she lives two or three doors down; but I had no breakfast this morning, and I was obliged to sit down and rest on those steps."

"Where do you live?" was the next question, "I will ask my mother to look up some sewing for you."

The poor woman looked after him with a blessing on her lips and tears in the dim eyes; then she turned homeward, her thin clothes fluttering in the wintry air.

Meanwhile Campbell passed two of the houses in the row, ran up the steps of the third and rang the bell. He was shown into a very handsomely furnished room, and while he waited for the lady he had called to see his quick eye took in the cost of the things around him.

The open piano was costly, the music expensive, and beside him on the sofa lay an afghan half completed, the bright wools composing it flashing out from the dark background. Could it be possible that the poor needlewoman's words were true, and that the owner of all this comfort had refused to pay her a few dollars?

In the midst of his reflections Miss Steele entered. Her handsome morning dress fitted to perfection the round, beautiful figure, and the little soft hand she held out to Mr. Campbell glittered with rings.

Mr. William Campbell had called at 10 o'clock that cold November morning to invite Miss Steele to go to the opera with him that evening. She accepted the invitation with pleasure, but remarked that a cousin of hers from Boston was spending the week with her.

Now, this cousin of Miss Steele's when she came into the room, quite astonished Mr. Campbell. She was neither handsome nor ugly—nice looking expressed it all. She was knitting a stocking—something he had never before seen a young lady doing.

He discovered that she possessed no small talk, but let her cousin rattle on, half amused, half astonished. Her manner, however left a pleasant impression on his mind, and he suddenly found himself wishing for a sister like her.

William Campbell had been called an old bachelor by his friends for some years. He was 30 years of age, and they considered him past hope. Not so the mothers with daughters out in society. To them he was a prize worth looking after.

He liked Miss Steele's voice; it was unaffectedly soft and sweet. He liked her eyes; they were innocent and confiding in their expression. The more he saw of her the more he liked her.

He had just had his faith in her shaken, and he wondered at himself for worrying so much about it. It was impossible that she was dearer to him than he had imagined her to be.

All that day he would find himself again and again going over the poor woman's words. If they were true could she have come to him so smiling and happy, just after refusing a poor hungry fellow being the payment she had justly earned? Then he would find some plausible excuse for and put the thing out of his mind for another short time.

The girls were ready, sitting under the bright chandelier. The opera house was not far away, and the girls both proposed walking, it being a fine night—bright, and not too chilly. There were but a few more steps to go, when Miss Steele suddenly let go his arm, and turning round, looked up the street.

"I have lost my handkerchief!" she exclaimed, in a distressed tone of voice. "Do let us go back for it."

They went back, but the handkerchief was gone.

"Oh, how careless, how stupid of me!" she kept saying. "What will I do? I only bought it today," she continued, looking up to Mr. Campbell's face. "There's $10 worth gone in a few minutes."

A chill went through William Campbell's heart. Miss Steele was thinking of the lace; he was thinking of something far more important. At last he found voice to ask:

"Did you say you only bought it to day?"

"Yes, after you left I put on my things and went down town. I am sure, if I had foreseen its fate, I would have left it in the window to attract some one else."

She laughingly commenced another topic, and they reached the opera. Her usually high spirits were in full play.

At last the play was over, and the cousins were at home. No sooner had they reached their room than Ellen Steele commenced:

"Lizzie, what could have possessed you to throw away so much money on a useless piece of finery, and that poor Mrs. Skelby, I do believe, almost starving?"

Lizzie opened her eyes wide with astonishment.

"Why, what a question! Of course I must have such things, and I'm sure Mrs. Skelby can wait!"

Mr. Campbell sat at his window, smoking and thinking. His thoughts were on the old subject, his fears were realized. The chain was broken, the illusion vanished.

The next day Mr. Campbell found Mrs. Skelby's room after considerable search, for it was in a rear building, accessible only through a narrow alleyway.

The room was clean and neat, as was the sick child, a boy of 8 years. He lay partly dressed on the bed, looking at a scrapbook, composed of good woodcuts out of newspapers. His mother was at the window sewing. She started up, with pleasure beaming in her wan face when she recognized her visitor.

"Oh, sir," she exclaimed "but for you I don't know what I should do; if we had been turned out this day I believe it would have killed the child; he never could have stood the knocking about. This morning, too, he is much better, and the doctor says if he only can get nourishment he will be strong yet."

Mrs. Campbell took care that little Johnnie got the nourishment and that his mother didn't want for work. Mr. Campbell is still trying to find an ideal, and Lizzie wonders very much what made him drop off in his attentions after that unlucky night when she lost her pretty lace. She has not as yet discovered why she lost him.

Care of the Hands.

It is claimed by many that man owes his superiority as much to the hand as to the mind. Whether this be true or not, it is certain that the hands are necessary members of the body; that they play an important part in every one's life; that, as a rule, they speak loudly of one's personal habits; and that for these reasons, if for no others, they should be kept in presentable shape. This is a very simple matter for the woman who can take life easy, but for the housekeeper it is quite a different thing. It can be done, as she will find, if she will devote a few minutes daily to their exclusive care.

In caring for the hands, the first thing is to keep them spotlessly clean, which can be done in the following way, if not in the ordinary one: When through with the day's hardest work, partially fill a basin with a suds of warm, soft water and castile soap, and scrub the hands in it gently with a firm but soft finger-brush until no vestige of dirt is visible, even in those telltale places, "the lines of the hand." Rinse them well afterward in clear water, and dry thoroughly with a soft towel, pushing back at the same time, the scarf-skin from around the base of each nail. Then rub them briskly with each other for five minutes, not forgetting to draw each finger several times through the tightly closed fingers of the other hand, but not so hard as to make the joints crack; that enlarges them.

Perseverance in this will not only help one to retain tapering fingers, but will much improve the shape of stubby ones; it will restore, in a great measure, the symmetry of finger tips blunted by misuse or constant pressure against some hard substance. Take heed, ye operators of the typewriter, &c.

This treatment, which cleanses, invigorates, makes the skin pliable and the hands more shapely, should be followed for the first few weeks by the application of an emolient, either immediately or when retiring. Afterward, it need be used only occasionally, when an extra hard day's work for the hands, raw, chilly weather or some other reason seems to make it necessary. But this treatment can be much assisted by a little timely application of the old saying, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." Many an unsightly mark and callous spot can be prevented by simply donning a pair of loose, old gloves, either kid or cotton, when sweeping, dusting, cleaning grates, &c., and by removing fruit, vegetable and all stains while fresh.

Stains from fruit and vegetables can be removed by holding the stained places, while moist from their first washing in water which should contain no soap, for a few minutes in the flame of several matches, lighted in succession; those from more penetrating substances, or old stains, by bathing in a weak solution of oxalic acid. As this is a deadly poison, it should be prepared by a reliable druggist; and the bottle in which it is kept should be properly labelled, tightly corked and placed out of the reach of little fingers.

An excellent prescription for an emolient is equal parts of glycerine and peroxide of hydrogen; it can be applied at any time, as it will not interfere with one's work if given time to dry in. Should this fail, after a thorough trial, to make the hands soft and white, a lotion made from equal parts of eau de cologne, strained honey and lemon juice may be found efficacious. Apply this to the inside of an old pair of gloves, which should be loose and without finger tips, and wear them nights.

These lotions are excellent remedies for cracked and chapped hands. It is claimed that there is a specific for these annoying complaints; namely, drying the hands thoroughly after having them in water and not exposing them directly to the outdoor air, either in summer or winter, until they have resumed their normal condition. This certainly is a very simple remedy, as rubbing vigorously with each other will quickly and thoroughly dry most hands; while in those cases where it will not, rubbing with soft flannel, preferably white, will be found effective.

Some physicians claim the tonic action rubbing has on the skin of the hands has been found to alleviate, if not cure, excessive perspiration of those members.

It is superfluous to add that hands, no matter how shapely, can never be beautiful nor in presentable shape when crowned with unkempt nails. A specialist in the art of manicure, or nail culture, gives the following hints for their care: "The free border of the nails should be trimmed as often as once a week, and in as perfect an oval shape as possible. For this purpose a nail file should be used, but never a knife or the scissors; cutting with either makes the edge of the nails brittle. For this same reason the surface of the nails should never be scraped, nor should the under side of the free-border be cleaned with other than an instrument or nail brush. The free margin of the scarf skin should never be pared, nor should it be allowed to adhere to or grow over the lunula, the half-moon at the base of the nails. Breaking the edge of the scarf skin, whether by paring or permitting it to grow over and cleave off from the nails at will, will always be followed by 'hangnails,' and these unpleasant things can be avoided only by keeping the margin of the scarf skin free and unbroken. This can be done by simply pushing it back from the nails with a regular presser or a soft towel, daily at first, then only occasionally, when it shows an inclination to intrude on forbidden ground. To be truly beautiful the nails must have a highly polished surface. This can be attained by rubbing them freely with a piece of dry chamois skin, either wound around the finger of the opposite hand or a curved piece of wood."

Regular nail polishers can be bought for from 50 cents apiece upward; finger and nail brushes combined for 20 cents and upward, and nail files, with presser at one end and nail cleaner at the other, for 25 cents, upward, thus making it possible for women of limited means to have all the essential articles of a manicure set at a very little cost.—[Dama B. Stevens.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailments caused by inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

The wind cannot be said to have a brogue but it often has a strong gale-ic tendency.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Scene in a Spanish Church.

But a few days ago, in one of the most curious, though least known of the churches of Cordova, Nuestra Señora de la Fuentesanta, I witnessed one of those acts of Christian zeal still so common amongst the people of Spain, and to which they instinctively give an appearance of exaltation which is most striking.

The ancient gilded church, baked by the suns of many centuries, corroded by the gusts of scorching wind, and almost tottering with old age, rises far from the town, in a steep suburb at the end of a garden enclosed within lofty moss grown walls, and full of grand orange and citron trees, sheltering lilacs in full flower and blue irises, in the midst of which splashed the limpid waters of the Fuentesanta, or Holy Fountain. I entered the building, and around me, on the walls, the ceiling, and the pillars, was the long series of quaint ex-voto offerings and images commemorative of some miraculous cure. Nuestra Señora de la Fuentesanta contains no less than three thousand touchingly simple illuminated designs, all representing the patron saint appearing on a cloud, in a poorly furnished room to some dying sufferer, over whom she extends her healing hands, whilst the doctor gazes with sad face and dejected mien at his powerless mixtures set out on the night table. Then there are plaits of hair, and even masses of flowing hair, looking like scalps, hanging amongst embroidered stockings, silk dresses, ostrich eggs, stuffed crocodiles and lizards, and wax babies and bulls. I was making my pious inventory when I heard a deep sigh in the shadows near me. A woman in mourning, with her head draped in a long mantilla, was dragging herself on her knees across the church, pausing before each image of the Passion. She was pale, very emaciated, and seemed to be with difficulty performing a painful pilgrimage. The sacristan who was with me came up to me and whispered in my ear, "*La pobre mujer ora por su chico, que se esta muriendo*" (The poor woman is praying for her child, who is dying). After this I could not take my eyes off this poor woman, who, with bleeding heart, was of her own free will bruising her knees upon the stones of the church. Willingly would I have knelt beside her and joined my prayers with those of this desolate mother at the feet of Nuestra Señora de la Fuentesanta, who gazed coldly down, looking upon this immense despair like a coquettish doll, wearing a silk dress trimmed with beads, her shoulders covered with a long white mantle embroidered with gold, on her head a pompous-looking pink hat decked with ostrich feathers, dainty satin slippers on her feet, light violet gloves on her hands, and rings on her fingers.

For a long time the poor mother dragged herself painfully along before the symbols of the Passion, pausing at last at the foot of a quaint figure of Christ roughly carved in wood by the inexperienced hand of some predecessor of Alonzo Cano or Berruguete. This statue was hidden beneath an antique toreado costume of the heroic days of Pedro Romero, a long lock of real hair hung over the pale face of the "Christus," in which were two inordinately large sockets full of blood. I can still see the unfortunate women with her arms extended before this sinister-looking object. Aloud, but in a voice choked with tears, she addressed a passionate prayer to the impassive crucified one, not pausing in her piteous appeal until her arms dropped heavy to her sides like two branches beneath the axe. Then she staggered to her feet and escaped, almost running from the church, her hands still clasped in prayer.—[Armand Dayot, in Harper's Weekly.

How Far a Boy Walks.

A gentleman experimented with his boy of nine years, who was out of school and in a community affording space and attraction for rambling. He purchased a pedometer, an instrument for measuring distances walked—on the principle of the cyclometer used for measuring the distance traveled in a buggy or on a bicycle. This he managed to get into the bottom of the boy's pocket, among the marbles, nails, twine, knives and other bric-a-brac there collected. Its additional weight was not noticed for a few days, and in that time it did its work.

The first day the instrument registered 9 1 8 miles, and the boy was at the table for every meal. The second day's record was 10 3-7 miles, the third, a rainy day, 7 ½; the fourth, 9 8-17.

The family were astonished at the result, and thereafter, when any one complained of a walk of a mile or so, nobody pooh-poohed louder than Bob. One other noticeable result was that Bob got his monthly pair of shoes without the usual lecture on the sin of wearing them out so fast.—[Youth's Companion.

A raft of logs was brought down the Skagit River and sold at Tacoma recently, which scaled an average of 20,000 feet of lumber to each log. It is said by lumbermen to be doubtful if larger logs were ever put into Puget Sound. The same dealer sold a raft last July which averaged 24,000 feet in each log.

It is alleged by the life insurance companies that the average length of human life in this country has increased from 41.9 years 25 years ago to 43.9 years at the present time.

The Change of Life.

Women nearing this critical period require strength, health, and cheerful spirits.

The sole aim of this time should be to keep well.

The invaluable aid always is *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.*

The girl about to enter womanhood can find the same assistance from the same source.

Mrs. W. W. Culner, Palatka, Fla., writes:—

'I was in ill health from change of life. I took your compound and am now well. I recommend it as the best remedy for all weakness through the many changes which all women have to pass from early life to the grave."

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. Co., LYNN, MASS. *Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.*

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO.

INCANDESCENT LIGHTING in 16, 24, 32 and 50 Candle Power.
ARC LIGHTING.
STATION BY MOTORS of 1-8, 1-4, 1-2, 3-4, 1 1-2 up to 50 horse power for Elevators, Hoists, Saws, Planes, Drills, Organs, etc., everything requiring large or small power. Reliable and convenient.
WIRING.—Stores, offices and residences wired and furnished throughout with all apparatus necessary for electric lighting by our own staff at reasonable rates. We have just opened out in our show rooms a full line of new Electric and Combination Fixtures, Brackets, Shades, Portable Lamps for desks in polished brass, bronze and Im Matte Gold. Inspection invited.
NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO., 449 TO 455 Thames St.

THE BOSTON HERALD—TUE

AN INCOME ASSURED!

PAYABLE IN GOLD SEMI-ANNUALLY.

Preferred Stock in Established Manufacturing Concerns, the Safest Investment on Record.

10 Per Cent. Dividend Guaranteed.

$100 draws an income of $10 per year.
$200 draws an income of $20 per year.
$500 draws an income of $50 per year.
$1000 draws an income of $100 per year.
$2000 draws an income of $200 per year.
$5000 draws an income of $500 per year.
And the beauty of it all is, it is so thoroughly safe an investment.
There is no speculation in buying a block of the preferred stock of the Koal-Spar Co.
The Company is legally organized by Clarence Hale, Esq., brother of U. S. Senator Hale, the prominent attorney of Portland, Maine.
The dividend of 10 per cent. is guaranteed, and being earned now, as the stock is preferred and has a prior claim on all the earnings of the Company.
The money received from selling this guaranteed 10 per cent. preferred stock is to be used to buy real estate, build factories thereon, and extend the business generally.
The dividend is payable semi-annually in gold, on the first day of July and January of each year.
The Company have issued a complete prospectus, explaining fully all questions which would naturally arise in the minds of investors.
You can have one by calling on or writing to The Koal-Spar Co., 51 & 53 Summer St., Continental National Bank Building, Boston, Mass.
Write to-day. This is a chance of a lifetime.
3-18-1f

Green Mountain Farm Butter,

J. & J. Darlington's Butter,

Pinnacle Farm Butter (of Walpole, N. H.,) to be had at the

SEASIDE MARKET,

292 THAMES, Near Post Office.

W. S. LAWTON, - - - Proprietor.

DO YOU WANT FENCE

of any kind this Spring? If so before buying examine the combined WIRE and PICKET FENCE made with CEDAR pickets, any height or strength required, adapted for all general uses, makes a chicken, hog, sheep or cattle fence without a rival. Cannot injure stock, and is a portable fence. Strong, durable, cheap. Send for new price list.

WOODWARD ENTERPRISE MANF'G CO.,
Calender cor. Sabin street, Providence, R. I. 2-4-1 ROBERT WOODWARD. Treas.

Druggists.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Ph. G.

REGISTERED PHARMACIST,

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

Manufacturer of Wright's Odontine, a Dentifrice of the highest merit.
Wright's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil,
Wright's Blackberry Cordial,
Wright's Sarsaparilla, etc.,
Wright's Coltsfoot Cough Lozenges.

Washington Square, Newport, R. I.

Charles M. Cole,

PHARMACIST,

302 Thames St.,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF POST OFFICE,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

Cod Liver Oil, Pepsin and Quinine.

In Lung Affections resulting from La Grippe, this remedy is prescribed by the leading physicians of New York and this city.

Quinine and Iron Tonic Wine.

The tonic properties of Calisaya Bark and Iron are well known. They are in this preparation combined in their most active form.

Quinine Chocolates

The numerous imitations of our Quinine Chocolates prove conclusively their merits. In chronic forms of malaria, characterized by headache, loss of appetite and general weakness, their use is especially indicated.

Iodized Sarsaparilla.

With the change of season a blood purifier is in many cases a necessity. In such cases the use of Iodized Sarsaparilla will be found to produce the best results.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

237 THAMES ST.

Miscellaneous.

Bhot Atcha Finish.

This is the finest polish in the market. It is easily used and gives universal satisfaction. It is the only polish to my knowledge suitable for both

PIANOS and FURNITURE.

Call for it at G. H. CARR'S, or JOHN VARS', 172 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

100 Acres, $3,000.

A SOUTHERN

Rhode Island Farm

of 100 acres.

Large, two-story house, arranged for two families if desired. Barn, wood-house, two cribs and other buildings, all in good condition. two miles to seashore; few minutes walk from churches, schools, post office, blacksmith, wagon shops and grist mill. Four miles from railroad station; macadamized roads in all directions.

UNOBSTRUCTED VIEWS,

ALL FOR **$3,000.**

DANIEL WATSON, Sole Agent, Offices: 136 Thames street, Newport, and Ferry wharf, Jamestown.

MICHAEL F. MURPHY,

CONTRACTOR

—AND—

BUILDER

OF MASON WORK,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Tilling, Draining and all kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to.
Orders left at

16 Callendar Avenue

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

The Mercury.

John P. Sanborn, Editor and Proprietor

SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1893.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Rhode Island is getting a vast amount of advertising just now, much of which, if preserved, will read very foolish a few months hence.

Governor Flower has denied the application for clemency for Carlyle W. Harris, and Harris will be electrocuted some time next week.

The rule adopted by the Old Colony railroad, not to allow intoxicated persons to board its trains, is a good one, but one that it will be difficult to enforce.

Mr. Henry R. A. Carey possessed a combination of qualifications for good citizenship rarely found in so young a man, and his sudden death will prove a serious loss to Newport in the welfare of which he had taken so deep and active an interest.

At last the Massachusetts Superior court, upon conference and agreement counsel, has assigned the trial of Lizzie A. Borden, and unless some reason hereafter appears to the contrary that unfortunate woman will, during the term of the court beginning at New Bedford on June 5, be given the opportunity to answer to the awful charge against her.

The failure of the city council last Tuesday evening to pass the resolution authorizing the building of the new industrial school was caused by a difference of opinion as to the method of contracting and not by any direct opposition to the school itself. It is hoped that these differences will be harmonized at once so that the work may be ordered at the next meeting of the council.

There is no apparent reason why the license commissioners of a city should be appointed by the mayor any more than the street commissioner, or other city officers, and the act which passed the House of Representatives on Wednesday, putting their election in the hands of the city council, we believe to be a proper one.

We are in receipt of a circular, issued by Colonel Pope, urging people who are interested in agricultural pursuits to impress on the congressional committee on agriculture and forestry, which has been instructed to investigate the condition of the agricultural interests of the country, the great importance of there being a thorough investigation made into the subject of roads in relation to the agricultural interests of the country.

Some idea of the immensity of the Columbian Exposition now in session at Chicago may be formed from Director General Davis' report of the National Commission. It shows that thus far the enormous total of $33,243,930 has been raised for the purposes of the Fair, without taking into account the cost of the exhibits, which will amount to many million dollars more. Four hundred separate buildings have been erected, bringing under roof an area of about 350 acres.

The death of Henry Astor Carey, Esq., causes a vacancy on the Representatives' ticket-elect in Newport which necessitates, under the statutes, the holding of a special election to fill, and City Clerk Stevens has already issued the warrant calling such to be held on the 23d instant. As, under the law, all nominations for the vacancy must, to insure a place on the ticket, be in the Secretary of State's office at least fifteen days before the day named for the election, the political parties will have to make their selections promptly. The caucuses have been called for this evening.

The great World's Fair is open. President Cleveland has pressed the button which set in motion the machinery of the entire Exposition and thus declared it ready for inspection. The opening ceremonies on Monday were attended by crowds of people and at the conclusion of the President's address, as he placed his fingers on the gold key which was to actually open the Fair, the scene was one which beggars description. The audience burst into a thundering shout, the orchestra pealed forth the strains of the Hallelujah chorus, the wheels of the great engine began to revolve, the fountains began to play, the chimes and bells rang, the thunder of artillery came from the vessels on the lakes, and hundreds of flags of all nations and colors were flung proudly to the breeze, proudest and largest of all one of "Old Glory" from the top of the centre staff in front of the grand stand.

A new move has been made in the street-widening project this week. A petition, asking the City Council to take the matter in charge, was presented to that body Tuesday evening and Thursday evening the committee on Streets and Highways gave the subject a public hearing. The abutters were well represented at the hearing and the argument in favor of the improvement was conclusive. This work, if done at once, can be done at little or no cost to the city, as the abutters within the five hundred feet named for the improvement contribute $6000. That Thames street, the principal business thoroughfare of the city, ought to be widened is self-evident, and that the widening of the section now asked for would lead to the widening of the whole street at an early day there can be no doubt.

General Assembly.

Our legislators have had quite a busy time of it this week and much important work has been accomplished. Tuesday the grand committee received the report of the sub-committee appointed to examine the ballots cast at the April election. After some discussion over what constituted defective ballots the report was accepted with a clause protesting against the counting of certain ballots that should have been thrown out, and Congressional representatives Lapham and Page were declared elected. The senate on Wednesday passed in concurrence the bill relating to the punishment of wardens who permit fraudulent voting and of persons voting fraudulently, and made the employers' liability act special order for yesterday. The house passed a bill taking the appointment of license commissioners out of the hands of the mayors and putting it in those of the city councils of the several cities and town councils of the several towns, and making the number of commissioners five, instead of three and their term of service five years instead of three. The committee appointed to investigate certain charges against the management of the Soldiers' Home reported, exonerating the management.

In the Senate Thursday a resolution was passed appropriating $10,000 for expenses of state representatives at the Columbian Exposition at the dedication of the Rhode Island building, Oct. 5; also a resolution recommending to President Cleveland and Secretary Lamont the appointment of Col. Zenas R. Bliss as Brigadier General. An act to repeal the law compelling vaccination was made special order for next Wednesday. The 58-hour bill was made special order in the House for next Wednesday.

The Flower Mission.

The Newport Flower Mission held its annual meeting at Odd Fellows' Hall last Saturday afternoon. In the absence of the Secretary, Miss Bradford was chosen Secretary pro tem, and Mrs. J. D. Richardson presided. The report of the treasurer showed the total receipts from May 7, 1892 to April 20, 1893 to have been $132.79 and the expenditures $124.60, leaving a balance on hand of $8.19.

The secretary's report showed that in addition to many calls upon the sick and needy by the members, the mission distributed during the year five hundred and fifty-six bouquets, two hundred and twelve delicacies, one hundred and thirteen bundles of books and papers, forty-seven turkeys or chickens, one hundred and one packages of groceries and provisions, thirty-seven cans of soup, nineteen steaks, twenty bundles of linen, five packages of medicine, and thirty-seven bundles of clothing. Thirty-nine carriage rides and forty-four rides on the cars have been given. Flowers have been taken to the Newport Hospital every Sunday, and weekly papers have been sent by a friend of the Mission to one of that organization's proteges. Forty-seven families were provided with dinners and seven more with fruit and flowers at Thanksgiving and fifty-two families were given fruit, candies and toys, and four were supplied with dinners at Christmas. Twenty-two additional bundles of clothes were also distributed during the winter.

Rev. Mr. Cady made a very interesting address upon the benefits of such charities as the Flower Mission and urged the members to continue their labors by broadening their field of actions.

The thanks of the Mission were extended to all who have in any assisted them during the year and the officers for the ensuing year were chosen as follows:—

President—Miss Charlotte A. Easton.
Vice President—Miss Bessie Allen.
Secretary—Miss Susan P. Swinburne.
Treasurer—Mrs. David T. Pieniger.
Directors—First Baptist Church, Mrs. W. F. Arrington; Second Baptist, Mrs. M. H. Howes; Central Baptist, Miss. Jeanette H. Swasey; St. George's, Mrs. W. S. Hazard; St. John's, Miss Bessie Fludder; Trinity, Miss Amanda Norman; First Methodist Episcopal, Mrs. R. R. Peckham; Thames Street Methodist Episcopal, Mrs. H. B. Cady; United Congregational, Miss Louise D. Hammett; First Presbyterian, Miss Craig; Friends', Mrs. J. S. Kimber; Channing, Mrs. Harry M. Wilson; Emmanuel, Miss Lizzie Peckham.

At the close of the exercises a cake sale was held and a good sum netted for the treasury of the Mission.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS,

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency D. Russell Brown, Governor.

As authorized by law, and in accordance with custom, I, D. Russell Brown, Governor of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, do hereby appoint Friday, May twelfth, A. D. 1893, to be observed as ARBOR DAY.

This day should be recognized as a general holiday dedicated to the planting and fostering of trees, shrubs and flowers, in the public grounds and highways and around the homes of this State.

Having in mind the purpose for which this festival was established, I appeal to parents and teachers to make the day an occasion for inspiring the children with the beauty and worth of blossom and leaf, and to cultivate within the minds of the rising generation a taste for the beauties and treasures of nature.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this State to be affixed at Providence the seventeenth day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and of Independence the one hundred and seventeenth.

{L. S.}

D. RUSSELL BROWN.

By the Governor:
GEO. H. UTTER,
Secretary of State.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c

HIS AFFIDAVIT.

It Will Make People Believe His Wonderful Story.

Subscribed to by One of New York's Most Prominent Justices.

Here is the Whole Matter Exactly as it Happened.

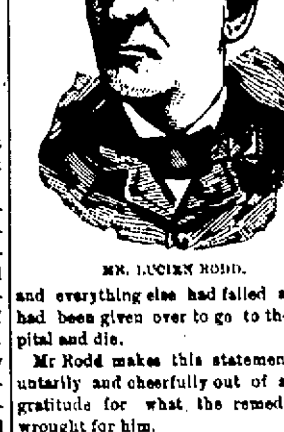
State of New York, County of Washington. } ss.

Lucien Rodd of Whitehall, N. Y., being by me duly sworn, deposes and says that some years ago he suffered very greatly with insomnia, nervous prostration and his body was covered with sores, causing him great pain and annoyance. That his head was so covered with sores that he was hardly able to comb or even brush his hair, so great was the pain it occasioned.

That he consulted the local physicians without successful result; that he took quantities of medicine with no benefit whatever; that physicians told him his disease was incurable and he had come to the same conclusion himself and had made up his mind to go to a hospital and await death.

That just about this time he learned about Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which he began to use. That this remedy entirely relieved and cured him, healed and dried up his sores, enabled him to sleep soundly and comfortably, and restored him to his ordinary vigor and vitality, in short, made a sound and well man of him so that he was fully able to work at his occupation, and has done so since that time.

That he attributes his recovery to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, as it restored him when everybody



MR. LUCIEN RODD.

and everything else had failed and he had been given over to go to the hospital and die.

Mr Rodd makes this statement voluntarily and cheerfully out of sincere gratitude for what the remedy has wrought for him.

LUCIEN RODD.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 15th day of January, A. D. 1893, and I certify the affiant to be a credible and reliable person whose statements may be accepted with confidence and implicitly relied upon, having known him personally for the last twenty-five years, and that I have no interest, direct or indirect, immediate or remote, in this matter.

{SEAL.}

HON. WILLIAM H. TEFFT,
Notary Public in and for said County and State, residing at Whitehall, where this deposition was taken and executed.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is purely vegetable and is sold by druggists for $1.00. As is proven by the wonderful cure of Mr. Rodd, it is the very best spring medicine possible to take for blood, nerves, liver, kidneys, etc. It is the discovery and prescription of Dr. Greene, of 34 Temple Place Boston Mass., the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. The doctor can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

Massachusett's New Bishop.

The annual convention of the Episcopal diocese of Massachusetts was called to order in the chapel of Trinity church, Boston, Wednesday morning, and after the appointment of a committee on credentials, the meeting adjourned to the church where a memorial sermon on the late Bishop Brooks was preached by Bishop Potter of the diocese of New York.

On Thursday morning the convention met to choose a Bishop to succeed the late Bishop Brooks and by a vote on second ballot of 82 of the clergy and 75 of the laiety elected Rev. Dr. William Lawrence, dean of the Theological Seminary at Cambridge, the broad churchmen's candidate. Dean Lawrence is a man of rare executive ability, an eloquent preacher, and has great influence over men. He understands the social, business and public life of Boston thoroughly and is well fitted to continue the work of Bishop Brooks.

The children, big and little, old and young, of Providence and vicinity, have contributed of their substance to the fifteen hundred dollars needed to purchase for Roger Williams Park a real live elephant. "Baby Roger" appears to be contented with the arrangement, and his present owner is said to be especially so.

Daniel S. Knowles, of Point Judith, was instantly killed last week Friday by being thrown from a wagon load of fodder by the sudden starting of the oxen.

Col. and Hon. Samuel R. Honey, of Newport, Dispenser-in Chief of Federal patronage in Rhode Island, has announced that no offices will be appointed in this State until the powers-that-be have more time to consider applications. Would-be postmasters will please to take notice, and govern their supplications accordingly.—[Westerly Weekly.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

The Financial Policy—Secretary Rusk in the Weather Bureau Investigation—Disgruntled Office Seekers—Secretary Gresham and his Changes—Notes.

(*From our Regular Correspondent.*)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1, 1893.

Gen. Harrison must smile when he reads of democrats claiming credit for the administration of its financial policy. The administration has no financial policy, or if it has the public has not been taken into its confidence. In using a part of the gold reserve fund to redeem Treasury notes it has but followed the policy laid down by President Harrison and Sec. Foster, and while it deserves credit for having been sensible enough to have followed the republican plan of dealing with the gold problem it should not be credited with having originated that policy. In fact it has as yet originated no policy on any subject, unless the sending of Mr. Blount to Hawaii to lower the American flag can be dignified by the name of policy.

Ex-Secretary Rusk was a voluntary witness on Saturday in the investigation of the Weather Bureau. He was questioned in regard to several appointments made by him, and stated that he considered them good and proper appointments and would make them again if he were Secretary. And as one of the ladies he appointed for temporary duty has since received a regular appointment from Sec. Morton it looks as though "Uncle Jerry" was talking sense, as he usually does. None of the sensations promised have been brought out by this investigation, which is daily becoming more farcical.

The democratic Commissioner of Pensions goes on duty this week, and much interest is felt in his actions. All sorts of rumors are current about his intentions, but as his acts will soon begin to speak for themselves I shall wait before criticising. Judge Lochren is so highly spoken of by those familiar with him during and since the War that it seems only fair to do this.

Only a very few office-seekers remained in Washington after the departure of the President and his cabinet—they probably found it cheaper to put in the time waiting for the return of the administration elsewhere—but there were some very mad men among those who did stay, because of the fact that five of the government departments were left in charge of republicans while hungry democrats howled for the places of these very republicans. However, the republicans left in charge of those departments did not attempt to revolutionize the government or to put any of the department buildings on wheels and take them away; but that some of them did enjoy the crazy antics and language of the kicking office-seekers, who made exhibition of themselves and their disappointments in public places, your correspondent happens to know by personal knowledge.

Much has been said by democrats about the attempts of the republican assistants of the heads of the departments to retain their offices under a democratic administration that has no foundation whatever. As a matter of fact, about the first official documents that were brought to the attention of the members of the cabinet after they assumed office were the resignations of their republican assistants, many of whom have made business arrangements which make their remaining in office an inconvenience to them. There may be one or two of these men who are trying to keep their offices, but the most of them are just as anxious to get their resignations accepted as the democratic office seekers are to get appointments, but they cannot, without being discourteous, demand that their resignations be immediately accepted, and that is why they are waiting as patiently as they can the pleasure of the heads of the departments.

Political converts have been since there were political parties more zealous than the old party war-horses, and Secretary Gresham has proven that he is no exception to the rule. He has made more changes in the important positions in the State Department than have been made in any other department, and what makes this all the more striking is that it has been an unwritten rule of that department since it was established that no changes should take place on account of a change in the head of the department, with the exception of the two or three man whose relations with the Secretary are of a confidential nature, and that unwritten rule has been observed by all of the Secretaries except Gresham. He, although not yet two months in office, has left only one important place unchanged—third assistant secretary—and the reason for that exception probably lies in his inability to find a democrat possessing the peculiar qualifications needed to perform the duties of Mr. Adee, the present third assistant.

Comptroller of Currency Eckels has taken charge of his office. He good-naturedly confesses that he knows nothing about banking, which is the principal business with which his office has to deal, but says he intends that all of his subordinates shall be banking experts. He doesn't explain how he will select them without knowing anything about the business himself.

When a paragrapher makes a joke about cork he naturally expects it will float.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

MAY 1893. STANDARD TIME.

	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water Morn	High water Eve
6 Sat	4 52	7 2	mon	11 33	11 58
7 Sun	4 51	7 3	0 33	.....	12 24
8 Mon	4 49	7 4	1 19	0 46	1 19
9 Tues	4 48	7 5	1 41	1 38	2 03
10 Wed	4 47	7 6	2 7	2 27	2 53
11 Thurs	4 46	7 7	2 31	3 18	3 44
12 Fri	4 45	7 8	2 56	4 10	4 36

Last Quarter, 8th day, 9h. 36m., evening.
New Moon 15th day, 8h. 47m., evening.
First Quarter, 22d day, 9h. 31m., morning.
Full Moon, 30th day, 10h. 33m., morning.

ARE YOU BILIOUS?

THEN USE

PARSONS PILLS.

"Best Liver Pill Made"

Positively cure BILIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, all Liver and Bowel Complaints. *Put up in Glass Vials. Thirty in a bottle, one a dose.* They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find great benefit from using them. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for stamps; 25cts; five bottles $1.00. Full particulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL use.
ORIGINATED
By an Old Family Physician.

Cures Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Cramps, Pains, cures Inflammation in body or limb, like magic. Cures Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, Colds, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatic Pains, Neuralgia, Lame Back, Stiff Joints, Strains. Illustrated Book free. Price, 35 cents; six $2.00. Sold by druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

A TONIC

HORSFORD'S Acid Phosphate.

A preparation of the phosphates, that acts as a tonic and food to the exhausted system.

There is nothing like it; gives great satisfaction.

Trial bottle mailed on receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

Real Estate Agency.

A. O'D. Taylor

124 Bellevue Avenue,

Is sole Agent for the sale of the Abraham T. Peckham Farm, on Union Street, Portsmouth, 2 houses on it, about 110 acres. One of the finest farms on the Island, will sell for $15,000.

For Sale "Greencroft" house and stable (formerly occupied by Mr. Kimber) next to the old Buffum farm, West Main Road, Middletown, with six acres. House large and commodious, would let on lease.

Mr. Taylor has special facilities for selling Farms in Middletown and Portsmouth, R. I.

Has at present on Paradise avenue, near 2d Beach, a beautiful house with land, for sale, suitable for boarders or private residence; also several cottages in the country to rent for the summer season.

MARRIAGES

In Newburgh, N. Y., at the residence of the bride's parents, 148 South street, Wednesday, April 26th, by the Rev. Dr. F. H. Savage, Marion, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. McCullough to Frederick B. Lawton.

On Thursday, 27th ult., by Rev. Edward L. Buckey, Louis Wayland Anthony and Maud Ledyard St. Clair.

DEATHS

In New York city, at the Everett House, suddenly, of heart disease, Henry R. Astor Carey, in his 28th year.

In this city, 29th ult., Martha P., widow of John O. Allman, aged 87 years and 7 months.

In this city, 1st inst., Agnes Margaret daughter of Michael P. and Catharine Howley, aged 15 years and 2 months.

In this city, 2d inst., Christabel, youngest daughter of James and Helen Rippin, aged 2 years and 2 days.

In this city, 4th inst., Frank, infant son of J. O. and Johanna Carter.

In this city, 4th inst., Phebe Ann Cook, wife of David P. Albro, in the 71st year of her age.

At Tiverton Four Corners, 29th ult., Betsy, widow of Holder N. Wilcox.

In Providence, 27th ult., Noah J. Arnold, 82; 29th, Andrew Golden, 86; 29th, Miss Mary Persecis, 87; 30th, Martha A., wife of Elisha H. Rockwell, 62; 29th, Euretta Jane, wife of Isaac S. Turner 56; 30th, William R. Parker, 75; 1st, inst., Mary Eleanor, wife of Samuel Wilbour, and daughter of the late Wanton and Elizabeth Austin, 77; 1st, Christopher Jackman, 81.

In Enfield, 1st inst., Emily, widow of Charles A. Mowry, in her 73d year.

In Woonsocket, 30th ult., Henry P. Abbott, in his 83d year.

In Edgewood, 1st inst., Harriet Talbot, widow of James H. Armington, in her 79th year.

In Pawtucket, 1st inst., William H. Sheldon in his 74th year.

At Loomis Placer Co., Cal., April 13, Ethel M., wife of Mr. G. W. Ellery, Jr.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Townsend Aid for the Aged.

President—Mrs. S. S. Melville.
Vice President—Mrs. Samuel Engs.
Treasurer—Mrs. Thomas Coggeshall.
Secretary—Mrs. A. K. Sherman.
Board of Managers—Mrs. H. C. Bacheller, Mrs. S. S. Melville, Miss Sarah S. Bowen, Mrs. Felix Peckham, Miss Sarah I. Chace, Mrs. H. C. Stevens, Mrs. William C. Cozzens, Mrs. H. H. Tilley, Miss Lillie Dunn, Miss Mary H. Weaver, Mrs. E. D. Jones, Mrs. A. A. Wilbur, Miss Ellen Manchester.
Substitutes—Miss Carrie Hazard, Miss Antoinette Peckham.
Investigating Committee—Mrs. Melville, Mrs. Stevens, Miss Dunn.
Representative at Charity Organization Society—Mrs. Peckham.
Advisory Committee—William H. Sherman, Francis B. Peckham, Thomas Coggeshall.
Auditor—Francis B. Peckham.

Narragansett Debating Club.

President—Clarence A. Peabody.
Vice President—Frank G. Kimball.
Recording Secretary—Charles Ullman.
Corresponding Secretary—Frank E. Dawes.
Treasurer—J. H. Barker.
Standing Committee—C. A. Peabody, F. G. Kimball and G. E. Harris.
By-laws—Messrs. Harris and Kimball.
Entertainment—Messrs. Dawes, Peabody, Harris, Kimball and Pratt.
Visiting—Messrs. Lawton, Ullman and Crandall.
Rooms—Messrs. Levi, Taber and Carlson.

For Sale.

A few more lots of the West Providence Land Co., on Bliss Road near Broadway. Also three or four on Bradford avenue of Bradford & White heirs land. Having sold a number of these lots during the past two weeks I can recommend them for prospective value, for investors, for building or holding.

SIMEON HAZARD, Sole Agent,
94 Broadway.

FRAUDS

will be

Perpetrated for Gain.

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimulated in every detail to Carter's Little Liver Pills.

In this way they hope to profit by the merit of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and palm off an imitation on the unsuspecting sufferer and purchaser.

It is the source of wonder to honest people, that there are men ready and willing to perpetrate such frauds.

Let them beware; a day of reckoning will surely come, there are "upright judges" in the land who will punish such people.

When you go for a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills, ask for "CARTER'S" insist upon having "CARTER'S," and see that you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'S"

The proprietors of Carter's Little Liver Pills have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to make their value known. True merit always wins with the people, CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS have won.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

BUY YOUR
WALL PAPER
AT FACTORY PRICES.

Facts Worth Knowing

Good Chamber Papers, White backs, full length, 3c. roll. Better Ones for Kitchens, Halls, &c., 5c. roll. Pretty Gilt Papers, all colors, 6 to 10c. Handsome PARLOR PAPERS, 10 to 15c. Hand Made and Pressed Papers as low as 75c. and as high as you wish to go.

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(INCORPORATED)

895 WESTMINSTER STREET, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

OPERATE 20 STORES IN NEW ENGLAND.

Schreier's
Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 THAMES STREET,

The Leading and Largest
Exclusive Millinery House
in the City.

A GREAT VARIETY OF
Trimmed Hats,
Elegant Designs,

Every Department fully stocked with
CHOICE NOVELTIES.

OUR BUSINESS A SPECIALTY.
MILLINERY
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

As usual our Prices are the Lowest.

Corned Salmon Trout

is fine eating, and so is

Corned Salmon.

We are selling lots of it for 10 cents a pound.

10-lb. PAILS OF
MACKEREL $1.00.

We are selling the Monitor Pea FOR 10c. A CAN.

FROM THIS OUT WE SHALL HAVE
BANANAS,
lots of them and at low prices.

WING & THOMPSON, 172 & 176 B'way, Lake's Korner

SEED OATS.

A Carload New York State

just arrived. We also have in transit due to arrive in a few days.

1 Car Vermont Seed Oats,
1 Car Michigan Seed Oats.

BRIGGS & CO.,
COMMERCIAL WHARF,

SEED POTATOES.

Last year Mr. Roberson, of Parkhurst & Roberson, selected the seed I sold. It was raised by themselves and by members of the Pomona Grange. This year Mr. Roberson has associated himself with Mr. Phair, who is also a seed grower. The seed I offer will be raised by themselves, and from seed furnished to members of Pomona Grange. For reference I refer you to Mr. B. B. Blackstone, master, and Mr. H. C. Townsend, secretary, of Pomona Grange. My seed will be in about March 6. I invite you to call and examine it.

Stockbridge Manures

ARE IN AND READY TO FILL ANY ORDERS.

Landreths' Garden Seeds.

I am agent for these Northern grown seeds, they are all tested before put on the market to sell. I have a full line on hand.

A. A. BARKER,
162 & 164
BROADWAY.

A man

without a conscience is hardly worse off than without a watch.—No excuse for lacking either.

A handsome 14-karat gold, filled, or coin-silver watch; jeweled movement; a perfect time-keeper; stem-set and stem-winding (in about five seconds); may be bought for ten dollars—even less. It is far superior to any Swiss watch at the price:—The new, perfected, quick-winding "Waterbury.

Your jeweler sells it in a great variety of designs: ladies' hunting-case, dainty chatelaine with decorated dial, business-man's watch, and boy's watch. $4 to $15.

TOUCH OF A BUTTON

And the World's Fair Is Opened by President Cleveland.

A Brief Outline of the Conception of the Idea and How It Was Pushed to Consummation.

CHICAGO, May 1.—A touch of a button by President Cleveland and the World's Columbian exposition was formally opened today.

The grand stand on the east front of the administration building was occupied by 2200 invited guests, 600 musicians and 250 newspaper representatives, besides the 50 distinguished guests who were on the little platform which had been thrown out in front for President Cleveland, and from which he delivered his address. Thousands upon thousands of people from all nations and from all walks of life took advantage of the open air program and eagerly listened to every word that was uttered.

A national salute of 21 guns was fired from the revenue cutter Andrew Jackson at the moment when President Cleveland touched the key which started the machinery, unfurled the flags, and gave life to the mammoth electric fountains in the administration plaza. The great gilded statue of the Republic shone in all the splendor of a $5000 coat of gold leaf. With the Macmonnies fountain complete and spouting water, the statuary around the grand basin was perfect.

The rain, which had brought grief to many departments, was a welcome gift to the gardens about the grand basin. The grass is as green as emerald, and the firs and plants in the Pompeiian vases along the walls of the lagoons and around the fountains are bursting with new life. Everything looks at its best. With the electric fountains vomiting mountains of sprayed water, the great flags floating from tall poles beneath their golden finials, the grand stand and every available spot black with people, the scene on the plaza and around the basin was as perfect as it ever could be.

When the president touched the button, 700 flags and banners on the main buildings broke into graceful folds. Jimmie Hunt, an old sailor, had his eyes on the president and his hand on the halyards of the center flagstaff in front of the administration building, and when the executive finger touched the button, Jimmie gave the halyards a hard pull. Then the glorious old flag burst out at the top of the pole, and the Stars and Stripes waved over the open fair. The flags on the other buildings were unfolded simultaneously.

About 700 men were necessary to carry out the project of the decoration department. There was a man for each flagstaff on the main buildings and grounds. The method of unfolding was the same as employed on board men-of-war. The flags were tied in a small, compact bundle, with a peculiar knot, which loosened with a quick pull and spread the bunting to the breeze.

The Parade.

The rendezvous for the various organizations and carriages that had a place in the parade this morning was the vicinity of the Lexington hotel. The column marched on Michigan avenue along the Grand Boulevard to Fifty-first street, thence through the South park by way of Bayard avenue to Palmer avenue, thence to the western entrance of midway plaisance.

At this point Colonel Rice, commanding the Columbian guard, met the column and guided it to Jackson park, thence to the Administration building, where the column dispersed. The order of parade was as follows:

Platoon of South Park mounted police.
A detachment of mounted city police, 27 men.
Company B, Seventh United States Cavalry, and company K of Seventh United States cavalry.
The Chicago hussars.
Troop A of the Illinois National Guard.

The column was in command of Major T. A. Baldwin of the Seventh United States cavalry. The order in which the carriages came and their occupants were as follows:

Commissioners and escort.
The director general of the exposition; the director of works.
The President of the United States; the president of the World's Columbian commission.
Vice President of the United States; ex-President Lyman J. Gage; ex-President William T. Baker.
Secretary of state and escort.
Secretary of the treasury and escort.
Secretary of the navy and escort.
Secretary of the interior and escort.
Secretary of Agriculture and escort.
Duke of Veragua, the first vice-president of the commission, the first vice-president of the exposition, Commander Dickens.
Duchess of Veragua, Mrs. Potter Palmer, president of board of lady managers of the World's Columbian exposition, Mrs. Commander Dickens.
Marquis de Barboles, second vice-president of the commission, second vice-president of the exposition.
Hon. Christobel Colon y Aguola, Hon. Maria del Pilar Colon y Aguola, Commissioner G. Gutierrez.
Hon. Pedro Colon y Bertenado, Hon. Carlos Aguola, Marquis Villalpor, Director Charles Hutchinson.
Thomas F. Bayard, Lambert Tree.
Major general commanding United States army and aides.
Admiral Gherardi and aides.
Governor of the state of Illinois.
Mayor of Chicago.

The following was the

Order of Exercises:

1. Music, "Columbian March" (orchestra), by J. K. Paine.
2. Prayer by Rev. W. H. Milburn, D.D., chaplain of the house of representatives.
3. Poem, "The Prophecy," W. A. Croffut, Washington; read by Miss Jessie Southout of Chicago.
4. (Orchestra), overture from "Rienzi," Wagner.
5. Address by director general.
6. Address by the president of the United States.
7. Starting the machinery, during which appropriate music was rendered by the orchestra.
8. Official reception by the president of the United States and officers of the World's Columbian Exposition of the foreign commissioners, etc., at the Liberal Arts building.

Republicans Win the First.

LACONIA, N. H., May 3.—The first city election resulted in the election of Charles A. Busiel, Republican, over Almon J. Farrar, Democrat, by 158 plurality.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Saturday, April 30.

A big strike in Chicago is probable. A battle is imminent in Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil——A split in the Grand Army is imminent over pension abuses——Harmony has been restored between the two French chambers——An Italian newspaper office in Lima, Peru, was sacked by a mob. The banks of Columbus, Ga., offer all their gold reserve to the treasury——A family had a narrow escape from suffocation at a fire at Malden, Mass. A fire does $6000 damage in freight shed No. 3, Providence division, Old Colony railroad——Brockton, Mass., shoe manufacturers are preparing to combat the sole leather trust——Hon. James Donavan was elected president of the Democratic city committee of Boston——Rev. William Lawrence, dean of the Episcopal theological school at Cambridge, has been nominated by the "broad" churchmen for the Massachusetts bishopric——An Auburn (Me.) former is charged with incendiarism——A man died at New Haven, Conn., from injuries received by being clubbed by a watchman——A Manchester (N. H.) school teacher has been arrested for punishing a pupil. The Bohemian town of Kreutzberg has been almost destroyed by fire. Six persons perished——Two verdicts for $17,000 were given against the Lynn and Boston Street railway for injuring a person——Cyrus Carpenter was killed by a horse car in Boston——William B. Hardy, a Harvard student, and Estelle Canning, a 15-year-old girl, elope and are arrested in New York——Licenses to the number of 868 were granted by the Boston police board. The mayor of Lynn orders offensive lithographic posters removed from billboards——A gang of youthful burglars were captured at the West End, Boston. Three passers of counterfeit money have been arrested at Manchester, N. H. Fred McKinnon has been arrested at Nashua, N. H., for swindling——A young woman complained to the New Haven (Conn.) police that John Satsfield had abducted her baby.

Sunday, April 30.

Harrison Chapman of Newmarket, N. H., has a novel pet—a wild swan, just captured in Great bay——The Clinton (Mass.) hospital is completed, at a cost, exclusive of land, of $8000, and will be dedicated Saturday, May 6——Jesse Mingo, aged 70, was struck and killed by an Old Colony train at Fall River, Mass., Saturday——Allen Talbot, an aged carpenter belonging in North Dighton, Mass., fell from the roof of a house at Taunton Saturday and broke his neck——Editor S. R. Weem of the New Haven (Conn.) Palladium has resigned his position, and will be succeeded by Henry Ovitate, formerly on the staff of the New York Times——A competitive examination of candidates for the West Point and Annapolis cadetship from the Fourth Massachusetts congressional district will occur in the Hudson (Mass.) high school building June 3. James Collins of Manchester, N. H., 70 years old, was found Saturday in an attic hanging by the neck from a rafter. He had a young wife in Manchester, and three children in Nova Scotia. Ill health and despondency were the probable cause.

Monday, May 1.

Rev. W. S. Smithers preached his farewell sermon in the Methodist church at Barre, Vt., yesterday——August Brehn of Ansonia, Conn., serving a term for burglary, escaped from the New Haven (Conn.) county jail yesterday——The World's fair was opened today at Chicago by President Cleveland under favorable conditions——Laura Ball, a Lynn, Mass., colored girl, became violently insane——The anniversary of St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H., occurs June 1——Tugs have succeeded in pulling oyster schooner Lydia A. White off Black Rock beach, Conn. Her cargo is a total loss——Charles Caldwell was hanged at Jonesboro, Ark., for killing Tab Freeman last February——The second anniversary of the Springfield, Mass., Young Men's Christian association was held last evening——Henry Dowling, with his wife and children, were asphyxiated by gas in their home on Forty-third street, Chicago——All licensed saloons in Woburn, Mass., have closed for a year of no license. No druggists' licenses have been granted——The selectmen of Dedham, Mass., at a special meeting granted seven licenses for the sale of liquor for the ensuing year——Henry Reginald Astor Cary of Newport, R. I., died suddenly of heart disease at the Everett hotel, New York, on Saturday——Rev. George Dimmick Latimer was installed as associate pastor of the North (Unitarian) church in Salem, Mass., last evening——Lieutenant Governor Sheehan is still confined to his bed at the Hoffman House. He was reported to be somewhat better last night——Lord de Ramore died at Paris. George William Bateson de Yarburgh, baron de Ramore, was born in 1823. He was created baron in 1885——A family named Sauter, residing at West Liberty, Pa., were poisoned by eating cake. One boy is dead and another child cannot recover——Caroline M. Upton of Willimantic, Conn., a widow, aged 64, committed suicide by hanging. Mental derangement is the cause assigned.

Tuesday, May 2.

Thomas Carpenter, a prominent citizen of Foxboro and a veteran of the late war, died of pneumonia——J. F. Stinson, a business man and director of the savings bank at Fairfield, Me., died from a shock of paralysis——The residents of Westport, Conn., are exercised over acts of vandalism perpetrated in various graveyards in that town. Several monuments and tombstones have been defaced, stones almost ruined and young trees destroyed——Governor Fuller of Vermont has designated May 10 as Arbor day——A 4-year-old son of Henry Gonneville of Biddeford, Me., while playing near a stove, got his clothing afire and was probably fatally burned——The whites are said to be not altogether blameless in the Navajo troubles——The Brockton (Mass.) board of aldermen last night received a petition from the Woman's Christian union, asking that certain restrictions be placed upon theatrical posters——Landlord Fulton of Hotel Elmore, Brockton, has consulted counsel regarding the raid made on his house, and a suit may be instituted. The officers forced an entrance by means of a fire escape, breaking a window and a door——Emma T. Townsend and Lizzie E. Milan have sued the city of Brockton for $4000 each for injuries received by falling on sidewalks last winter——William J. Lally, a Boston hoseman attached to engine 4, was horribly burned by a can full of vitriol thrown in his face by one Mary McGuinness, a woman to whom he had been paying attention——The West Superior Land and River Improvement company deposed its president at a meeting in New York.

Wednesday, May 3.

The new military law was passed by the Connecticut house——Kansas is making war on foreign insurance companies——Lake Superior iron miners have begun work on the eight-hour plan——Western rivers are over their banks and doing much damage——It is believed that the great miners' strike in Ohio will be ordered off soon——Senator Platt does not think that there will be an extra session of congress——Evidence of shady methods is said to have been discovered in connection with the Sioux City failures——City Surveyor Humbert is opposed to the introduction of a fountain in the proposed further beautifying of Copley square, Boston——William E. Boyntgn of Lynn, Mass., was arrested on a charge of threatening to shoot two women——Royal Jackson of Boston was arrested in New York for stealing stocks from his employer——The Mechanics' bank and citizens of Nashua, N. H., are said to be heavy holders of the embarrassed Sioux City concern's stock——Charles S. Hussey of Lynn, Mass., attempted suicide——There is a new turn to the controversy over the Republican appointment to the Elmsford (Ma.) board of registration——The Grand Trunk railroad paid nearly $200,000 back taxes into Maine's state treasury——The president and Secretary Carlisle are more hopeful than ever that a bond issue will be unnecessary——Dr. Lindsay of Boston is mentioned as a candidate for assistant bishop of South Carolina——Many of the supposed valuable diamonds left by the late Mrs. J. B. Barnaby of Providence, are found to be paste, in cheap settings.

Thursday, May 4.

Washington is still full of officeseekers——The emigration from Ireland decreased in 1892——Forty-five moonshiners were arrested in West Virginia——A train was held up and the passengers robbed at Briar Creek, I. T.——The German Centrists bolt the Army bill——Thirty-five buildings were destroyed by fire in Louisville; loss, $300,000——The surgeon of the British ship Blake was run over and injured in New York——There is a prospect that Uruguay and Argentina may unite in a war against Brazil——Two fishermen belonging to a Provincetown (Mass.) schooner were drowned on the Western banks——Charles Upham, an engineer on the Fitchburg railroad, was badly injured by being struck by a post while looking out the window of his cab——Bishop Potter's memorial sermon on the death of Phillips Brooks was the event of yesterday's sessions of the Episcopal convention in Boston——The cornerstone of the new Pilgrim church at Dorchester, Mass., was laid——A banquet by the Home Market club was tendered to Governor McKinley at Boston——Both Sheriff de Jure Hurlburtt and ex-Sheriff Brigham are to superintend the hanging of Murderer Almy——Samuel J. Watson, a business man of Aroostook county, Me., was arrested for smuggling——Mrs. Bosquet of Palmer, Mass., eloped with George Shaw, a brakeman——A courtmartial was ordered at Fort Preble, Portland, Me., to investigate charges of insubordination and poor rations——The gold situation is satisfactory to the secretary of the treasury——W. W. Curr was appointed postmaster at Philadelphia——The trial trip of the cruiser New York is to take place off Cape Ann about the 20th inst——The Canadian census is denounced by French-Canadians as a gross fraud——Ex-President Harrison was elected comander of Ohio Loyal Legion——Half a dozen Ohio towns were flooded by the breaking of a reservoir——Considerable damage has been done by floods in Ohio——The eight-hour bill for miners was passed to a second reading in the house of commons——The Duke of York is betrothed to Princess May of Teck——Lady Henry Somerset was re-elected president of the British Women's Temperance association and the minority leaves the convention.

Friday, May 5.

A second jury disagreed in the Makepeace murder case at Dedham, Mass.——Five indictments were reported against Cashier Shaw, the Bath (Me.) defaulter——Governor Flower of New York refused executive clemency to Carlyle Harris, convicted of poisoning his wife——Dean William Lawrence of Cambridge, Mass., was elected bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Massachusetts——Mrs. Catherine Twohig of Lynn, Mass., was stricken with apoplexy while awaiting trial in a Lynn police court and died soon after——The World's fair will probably be open Sundays——A semi-panic occurred in Wall street. National Cordage trust to go into receivers' hands. Failure of Henry Allen & Co., D. L. Smyth & Co. and Schuyler Walden——The will of James G. Ross, the Canadian millionaire, is declared to be valid——Two suspicious persons were arrested in Williamsburg, N. Y., pawning diamonds supposed to have been stolen in Europe——There is little probability that Murderer Almy will commit suicide——Sudden death of Hon. James W. Patterson at Hanover, N. H.——Death of Judge N. W. Shores of Great Barrington, Mass.——The defense in the Borden case would prefer to have the trial take place in Taunton——Marshal McMahon, ex-president of France, is sick——Lack of water is causing much suffering and the failure of crops in Mexico——Waltham, Mass., may bring suit to recover $20,000 from the contractors from whom the sewer job was taken——The American minister has been directed to confine his representations to the porte to the question of damage to the Marsovan college——Lawyer J. J. McDonough of Fall River, Mass., was appointed by the executive council to succeed Judge Blaisdell——Colonel J. W. Coveney has been appointed postmaster at Boston——John Shaw, a clerk in a Hanover street, (Boston,) jewelry store was arrested for theft; over $1000 worth of plunder found in his room——The medical practice bill was passed by the Connecticut senate——Wharves were carried away by the freshet at Haverhill, Mass——The crew rescued from a disabled schooner in Gloucester, Mass., harbor——Several schooners were wrecked or damaged at Rockland, Me——A runaway car crashed into a freight train near Orange, Conn——A schooner was wrecked off Plum island and crew of four men lost——A young man arrested for forgery at Fall River, Mass.

A Missing Wife.

PALMER, Mass., May 4.—Alfred Bosquet, warden at the Monson town farm, is looking for his wife. He made inquiries in town yesterday and found that she had left for the west. She was, it is alleged, met at the depot by Marshall Shaw, a brakeman on the train which leaves the place at 8:10 for the north on the Ware River road.

Tripped in a Car Track.

BOSTON, May 1.—George Wolff, aged 46, met instant death by being thrown from his bicycle on Columbus avenue yesterday afternoon. He was riding at a smart pace and turned quickly toward the middle of the street, when the machine caught in a car track, gave a lurch and threw him.

Another Gunning Accident.

HAVERHILL, Mass., May 3.—John Whitman, 14 years old, while gunning in the woods of Hampstead, was shot through the body by the accidental discharge of a rifle. He will probably recover. The boy was taking the gun from a carriage when the accident occurred.

Tar and Feathers.

EAST WINN, Me., May 4.—A man named Martin was taken from a house by a party of masked men, who carried him into the woods, stripped him and gave him a coat of tar and feathers. The excuse for the act is alleged abuse of his wife and dissolute conduct.

Husband Caused Her Death.

HOLLISTON, Mass., May 3.—Mrs. W. A. Barrows died yesterday from burns caused by a lighted lamp, alleged to have been thrown at her March 19 by her husband, who is now in Cambridge jail awaiting the June term of the superior court.

Was It From the Naronic?

LYNN, Mass., May 4.—George W. Gray found a carrier pigeon last evening. Upon examination a brass ring, upon which was a number, was found upon one leg. It is supposed that the bird came from the lost steamer Naronic.

Rhode Island at the World's Fair.

The Boston Herald of recent date, in an extended article on the World's Fair, gives Rhode Island and her exhibit the following merited notice:

In spite of her relatively small territorial extent, Rhode Island contains within her limits some of the prettiest industries in the country, and among these her representatives are the leaders, not only in the United States, but in the world. Her woolen, silver, thread and certain other manufactures are unsurpassed anywhere, and this fact she is prepared to demonstrate to the nations of the world by means of her exhibits at the great exposition. Her display will principally be in the department of manufactures, although in fisheries, in education, in machinery and in minerals, also, the State will be represented in a manner of which her children need be by no means ashamed.

The Rhode Island State building is an attractive one, constituting, as indeed do all the other State buildings, a retreat for the citizens of the State, who, wearied perhaps by sight seeing, will be grateful for such a pleasant harbor of refuge. It will be furnished with what practically may be regarded as club rooms, where fellow citizens of both sexes may meet under home surroundings. It will contain no exhibits. The general idea has been to provide a reproduction of one of the old Rhode Island residences, and to carry out this idea the house is furnished in antique style, and "old fashioned" flowers and shrubs adorn the grounds surrounding it.

Interesting to Our Fishermen.

The following law, of interest to Rhode Island fishermen, recently passed the Massachusetts legislature and was approved on the 11th of last month:

CHAP. 183.

AN ACT relating to the taking of lobsters.

Section 1—Whoever, not being at the time an inhabitant of this commonwealth, sets or keeps or causes to be set or kept in any of the waters of this commonwealth any pot, net or trap for the catching of lobsters, shall forfeit twenty dollars for each offence, one-half to the use of the complainant and one-half to the use of the commonwealth.

Base Ball.

The base ball games last Saturday resulted as follows:

At the Training Station, the picked nine from Newport defeated the Training Station nine by a score of 15 to 3.

In Providence the Rogers High School nine of this city won the game from the Providence Highs by a score of 7 to 2.

In Pawtucket the game between the New Bedford Highs and the Pawtucket Highs resulted in a score of 12 to 8 in the former's favor.

Rev. C. M. Hyde of Honolulu writes to the Springfield Republican that the revolution which dethroned Liliuokalani was "in no sense" a missionary affair, nor yet an affair of the sugar planters. It was not the work of any selfish greed or cunning scheming. It was not a game of bluff. It was precipitated by the foolish stubbornness of an obstinate woman. It was due to "the utter incompatibility of 19th century industrial and commercial progress with a revival of chiefish rule and heathenish unbridled indulgence." It succeeded because the men engaged in it had the good cause, the pluck, the brains and the money. He thinks annexation is the only suitable outcome.

The wife of Captain Roberts, of the White Star Steamship Naronic, which has been missing since Feb. 11, when the vessel sailed from Liverpool for New York, and the wife of Chief Officer Wright, who was second in command to Capt. Roberts on the Naronic, have both gone insane through despair caused by the loss of their husbands, and have had to be placed in an asylum for the insane.

The New York Recorder has awarded a prize of $1000 to Dr. W. R. Amick, for seventeen years a professor in the Cincinnati medical college, for the discovery of a cure for consumption. The Recorder invites physicians everywhere to verify the result of its three months' investigation, and says medicines for this purpose will be sent free of cost to those who write direct to Dr. Amick, at Cincinnati, O.

Jesse Mingo, a Portugese, was struck by a train running through Fall River Saturday afternoon and killed almost instantly. Mingo was standing on the track watching a construction gang raise a derailed locomotive. He had been in this country but a few weeks. He leaves a widow and two children.

Wallace Gendron, of River Point, while cleaning an old violin one day recently, took it apart, and discovered on the inside the date "1603," set in ivory. It is without doubt one of the oldest musical instruments in this country. Mr. Gendron has refused a number of offers by persons who had heard of its discovery.

An exchange shouts out: Lift your hat reverently when you pass the teacher of the primary school. She is the guardian angel of the republic. She takes the bantling fresh from the home nest, full of pouts and passions, an ungovernable little wretch whose own mother honestly admits that she sends him to school to get rid of him. The lady who knows her business takes a whole car load of these anarchists, one of whom single-handed and alone is more than a match for his parents, and at once puts them in a way of being useful and upright citizens. At what expense of toil, patience and soul weariness! Lift your hat to her.

If the flowers in your window box seem blasted or are of a faded, sickly color, cover the earth around the roots about half an inch deep with pulverized charcoal. The roses that blossom in the next few days will have a fine lively rose color. Charcoal always gives great vigor to the red or violet colors of flowers. White petunias become varied with red or violet tints; violets become covered with irregular spots of a bluish or almost black tint, but yellow flowers are insensible to its influence.

A Lawrence (Kan.) lady has a Bible 175 years old that has been in the family ever since it was printed.

HORGAN BUILDING.

Beadleston & Worex Fine Lager, per case, 2 doz.	$1.00
" " Tiger Brand Beer, 1 doz.	.80
" " Imperial Beer, 1 doz.	1.25
" " Porter (equal to imported), 1 doz.	1.25
California Brandy (superior article), per case,	6.00
" " " " per bottle,	.75
" Wines, Port and Sherry, per gallon,	1.00
" Claret, per gallon,	.75
Mount Vernon Whiskey (this is celebrated, age 8 years) per gal.,	5.00
Old Stone Mill Whiskey (high grade), per gal,	3.00
Old Comfort Whiskey (a fair article), per gal.,	2.00
Rums and Gins (good brands), per gal.,	1.75
Bass Ale and Guinesses Porter, per doz.	2.00
" " " " by the barrel, per doz.	1.80
Flour (choice quality, come and get a barrel for)	5.00
Granulated Sugar (20 lbs., the scale tips it hard)	1.00
Tea (good quality, a great bargain) 4 lbs. for	1.00
Raisins (Loose Muscatels) 10c. per lb., 3 lbs. for	.25
Coffee (Java and Mocha, a full blend) 3 1-2 lbs.	1.00
Rice (fine quality) 5 1-2 lbs.	.25
Butter (nice aiticle) 4 lbs.	1.00

A Large Assortment of Cowdrey's Celebrated Soups and French Entrees.

Richardson & Robbins' Plum Puddings and Sauces.

Shrewsbury Ketchup, the best, Per Bottle, 25c.

I am pleased to state to my numerous patrons that I am the AGENT for Beadleston & Worex, the celebrated New York Brewers, whose product stands unexcelled in this country. Their Ale can be had of me for family use in bottles or in half-barrels, etc.

Telephone Call 6437

P. H. HORGAN,

224 Thames Street

New Advertisements.

THE

F. F. TEBBETTS CO.,

Cloaks & Furs,

Butler Exchange,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

THE DERBY CAPE JACKET is the latest and best production of Fine Garments. We show them in various qualities at $8.50, $10, $12, $13.50 to $25, in Black, Navy, Tan Brown and Green cloths.

THE EMPIRE CAPES, in cloth, silk, satin and velvet, in all colors and black. We show an immense assortment for both old and young, from $6.50 to $45.

FINE JACKETS FOR MISSES AND CHILDREN, in all the latest and best styles and materials, from $2 to $15.

THE EVER-NEEDED MACKINTOSH, in 10 patterns of cloth, with silk lined cape, at $10; other styles, both fine and low, cost from $5 to $20.

SIGN

—OF THE—

Great White Bear.

SUMMER FLOWERING

BULBS.

"Lillian Amatum," Cannas, fine Maryland Crosy and Star 91. Also those fine Double and Single Tuberoses, Rooted Begonias, Double and Single Dahlias, Named Varieties, Gladiolus, and in fact everything for a first class Flower or Vegetable Garden.

The Finest

Central Park Lawn Mixture

In the City at the very lowest price.

Low Prices

on the Genuine Philadelphia Lawn Mower are my

Inducements.

Sharpening and Repairing Lawn Mowers of every make and pattern, at reduced Rates, are my Specialties.

JAMES GOHM, Prop.,

40 Broadway.

TRY

Our Fine Line of

TEAS

AND

COFFEES.

GOODS

at Reasonable Prices.

Quality and Flavor

UNSURPASSED.

SAYER BROS'.,

283 THAMES STREET,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Farmers and Gardeners!

ATTENTION

Having again secured a large stock of

HENRY C. ANTHONY'S

Garden and Vegetable Seeds

I would respectfully notify the public that this is the only place in Newport where these superior seeds can be obtained. All orders entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. I would especially call the attention of the public to the superior and tested

ONION SEED AND SWEET CORN,

which are pronounced the best in the market.

A. A. BARKER,

Dealer in Groceries' Grain, Farming Utensils, etc.

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This property represents an actual cash outlay of over $1,000,000. The men who are backing this enterprise are all New England men of large experience and ample means.

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12-17

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4-29

Hints to Housekeepers.

A few lumps of beeswax, wrapped much in a bit of old linen, and put in the folds of your white satin or white silk gowns, will keep them from turning yellow.

Never do up delicate colored silk in white paper to lay away for any length of time. Chloride of lime is used in bleaching paper, and it will have a deleterious effect upon the color of the silk.

A small scrubbing brush is a very valuable article about the sink for scrubbing the skins of beets and potatoes and other vegetable roots. Where a root is not peeled, it is necessary to scrub it well with a brush in order to get it clean, and where it is peeled, it is much better to scrub it before it is peeled than to wash it by merely soaking it in cold water.

A simple way to remove grease spots from wall paper, caused by the head resting against the wall, is to hold a piece of clean blotting paper over the spot and press a moderately warm flatiron over it. Repeat the operation until all the grease is out.

Soak cauliflower, cabbage, etc., in salt water to destroy the minute insects that cling to the leaves. To remove every particle of sand wash freely in running water.

Remember that the best method of cleaning mirrors and window glass is to rub them thoroughly with a thin paste of whiting and water, and when this is dry polish the glass with a dry chamois skin and dust off the powder. A little alcohol and cold water will also wash windows well and gives them a brilliant polish. Though it is not as good as the whiting for polishing, it does not leave behind the dust which whiting does. There is no advantage in washing windows with soap suds unless they are coated with dust and grease; even then alcohol and hot water are better.

What to do with scorched places on cloth is a question that sometimes puzzles the careful housewife. If the scorch is not too bad, dipping the article in soapsuds and hanging it in the sun for some hours will be likely to remove it. If the day is dull, hang the piece before a grate fire. Scorched spots that are very bad and yet have not consumed the fibre of the goods, are said to be restorable by repeated dipping in a saturated solution of borax. The saturated solution, as the chemists call it, consists of as much salt or crystal as the water will dissolve. It is always safe to put in a little extra; if the borax stands undisturbed in the bottom of the bottle, one is sure of the full-strength solution. Repeated dippings of this, with exposure to sun or fire light, will remove what are by most housekeepers considered hopeless decolorations.

In this age of fearful moth-preventive smells, it is worth while to know that moths will never go where there are lavender bags. Even where they have begun their ravages in furs or feathers, a lavish sprinkling of the articles with good lavender water will prevent further damage. No one can ask for a purer or pleasanter odor about garments. A liberal distribution of lavender sachets in closets, drawers and trunks will give you the satisfaction of making sweeter your belongings with the weapon which drives away their depredators. Put a lavender sachet in your piano if you fear moths will ravage the felt. Another infallible remedy is compounded of the following sweet-smelling things: Lavender, thyme, rose, cedar shavings, powdered sassafras, cassia and lignea, in about equal quantities, with a few drops of attar of roses thrown upon the whole.

Household Fancy Work.

INFANT'S CAP.

This pretty little cap is simply made; it can be crocheted of saxony wool, split zephyr, linen thread or knitting silk.

Take flax thread, No. 70, and a fine steel hook.

Make a chain of 7 stitches, and join into a ring.

1st round—Three chain, 14 trebles under the ring; join with a single crochet to top of 3 chain.

2d round—Three chain, 2 trebles in each stitch of the previous round; join in top of 3 chain.

3d round—Three chain, 2 trebles in every third stitch all round; repeat this third round, making one more treble between each of the increasings in each round until there are 10 rounds.

11th row—3 chain, 1 treble on each treble to within 30 stitches of the beginning of round for the front of the cap; 3 chain, turn; you are now working across the front of the cap, only in rows, back and forth.

12th, 13th and 14th rows like 11th.

15th row—Turn the work, 17 chain, miss 2 stitches, 1 double crochet in next stitch, (*) 17 chain, miss 2, 1 double crochet in next stitch; repeat from (*) to end of row, that is, around the front of cap. These chain loops are for inserting inch-wide ribbon through, and a bow should be placed on top.

16th row—9 chain, 1 double crochet under first loop of 17 chain; (a) 3 chain, 1 double crochet under next loop of 17 chain; repeat from (a) across the top or front of cap.

The border—1st row: Three chain, 1 treble in each stitch of previous row across the front only; turn, 3 chain.

2d row—1 treble in each treble.

3d row—3 chain, miss 2 stitches, (*) 4 trebles in next or third stitch; these 4 trebles will be called a shell; miss 2 stitches; repeat from (*) across the front of cap.

4th row—Shell of 4 trebles between second and third trebles of each shell across the front, work up 3 chain in beginning the row.

5th row—Like fourth, except work a shell at regular intervals along the back of the cap and around the front corners, close enough to lie flat.

6th row—Three chain, 1 shell of 4 trebles in each treble or stitch of previous shell all round.

7th row—Three chain, 1 double crochet on second treble of first shell, (*) 3 chain, one double crochet in same stitch that the double crochet just made is in; 4 chain, 1 double crochet in same place as last made double crochet; three chain, 1 double crochet in same place; 1 double crochet in each of next 2 stitches or trebles; 3 chain, 1 double crochet in each of 2 trebles of next shell; repeat from (*) all around. Line the cap with silk if preferred; sew a bow of ribbon in the back of the neck, and add ribbon strings. A ruche of lace under the front of the cap is very pretty.—New York Tribune.

Recipes for the Table.

ANCHOVY SALAD.—Wash, skin and bone two anchovies, put in water to soak half an hour, drain and dry them. Cut three hard-boiled eggs into slices. Arrange the leaves of a head of lettuce in a salad bowl. Add the anchovies and sliced eggs, pour over a plain salad dressing and send to the table very cold.

ICED ORANGES.—Peel six oranges, carefully removing all the white skin and seeds, and separate into small portions. Whip the whites of one egg with three tablespoonfuls of water, then add a dessertspoonful of powdered sugar. Mix these well together and strain though a fine wire sieve into a flat vessel. Dip the pieces of fruit first into very good sherry and then into this mixture and roll carefully in sifted granulated sugar. Place each piece separately on a platter until dry and arrange tastefully in a glass dish. The seeds are easily removed by cutting though the portions of fruit in the centre just deep enough to pinch out the seeds without losing much juice; the icing will close the cut.

APPLE OMELETTE.—Stew eight large apples very soft, mash them fine and season with a cup of sugar, a tablespoonful of butter, and nutmeg or cinnamon to suit the taste. When the applesare cold add four well-beaten eggs. Bake slowely for 20 minutes, and eat while warm.

LARDED AND STUFFED SWEETBREADS.—Parboil half a dozen large sweetbreads. Prepare a dressing of grated bread crumbs, lemon peel, butter, cayenne pepper and nutmeg; mix with well-beaten yolks of egg. Cut open the sweetbreads and stuff them with the mixture; then sew up. Have ready some slips of fat bacon and lemon peel, as thick as small straws. Lard the sweetbreads in alternate rows of bacon and lemon. Then put the sweetbreads in a pan, set in the stove and bake brown. Serve with veal gravy thickened with the beaten yolk of an egg and flavored with lemon juice.

FLANNEL CAKES.—Beat six eggs very light, stir in them two pounds of flour, one gill of yeast, small spoonful of salt and sufficient milk to make a thick batter. Make them at night for breakfast, and at 10 in the morning for tea. Have your griddle hot, grease it well, and bake as buckwheat. Butter and send them hot to the table, commencing after the family are seated.

MINCED SANDWICHES.—Chop half a pound of lean ham very fine; add one minced pickle and a tablespoonful of mustard; put four ounces of butter in a frying pan, stir over the fire until it creams; add the ham, the beaten yolk of one egg, with a little salt and pepper, remove the pan from the fire, stir all together, pour out on a large dish and let cool. When firm, cut in slices and lay between slices of buttered bread.

Preferences of Children.

There was once a little girl, dark-eyed and intense, who, now that she is a white-haired woman, remembers how unhappy she was made during a whole winter by being compelled to wear a certain odd-looking cloak to school. The cloak was warm and comfortable; it was also quaintly pretty; but it was not in the fashion.

A thrifty mother, in anticipation of a mode that actually came into vogue twenty years later, manufactured the little maid's cloak out of a gay tartan shawl, matching the brilliant plaids with precision, and trimming sleeves and collar and the garment's hem with long knotted fringe.

It was really a very striking garment. The cloak was wadded and lined and quilted. It was a marvel of comfort.

But the child who wore it was wretched, feeling herself a target for every eye, knowing that whole squares of people would say: "There comes Gertrude. She has that odd plaid woollen cloak on, made out of a shawl. Fancy!" She fretted and fumed and cried over her cloak; rubbed it against rails to tear it, and against paint to spot it, with only one burning wish, like fire in her veins, that some fortunate fate would separate her and her torment. The cloak gave the child a miserable winter.

All this was forty years ago, when parents felt that "discipline must be maintained." Secretly, the mother lamented the hour when she had invested her little one in the clothing which had proved so great a trial, but she felt that it would be weak and silly to indulge Gertrude by the purchase of another cloak. She feared, too, to encourage vanity. The cloak was not laid aside till the snows melted and the spring came. Over the gulf of twoscore years the child, herself the mother of girls, keenly recalls the experiences of that winter, and in her own practice always consults her children's preferences in choosing their clothing. They are allowed to exercise their own taste as to colors and shapes, the mother wisely recognizing the fact that, once arrayed to their liking, they will think little more about the matter.

Should not childish preferences have the same respect shown them which we courteously accord to the wishes and sentiments, even to the random caprices, of those who are mature in years and judgment? A child's vanity is far more sedulously cultivated, his self-consciousness and consequent awkwardness far more certainly insured, by exalting clothing into a concern of great importance and by ignoring a child's expressed fancies, than by treating the whole thing as of comparatively small account.—[Harper's Bazar.

The Preservation of the Forests.

While the protection of game has occupied the public mind for a considerable time, the preservation of our forests has had comparatively but recent attention. The past five years especially have seen more done in this direction than probably the previous ten. President Harrison and his Secretary of Interior, Noble, brought their influence to bear in the good work, with the most satisfactory results. By their efforts alone no less than fifteen timber reserves were established, which included 1,239,000 acres adjoining the Yellowstone Park; 4,000,000 in Central California; 1,337,000 in Southern California; 4,000,000 in Colorado; 967,000 in Washington; 1,850,000 in Arizona, comprising the grand canon of the Colorado river, the site of the most rugged and magnificent scenery probably in the world; 811,000 in New Mexico; and 142,000 in Oregon—altogether upwards of 13,000,000 acres.

Such an example by the government has had its effect on the States, and the general agitation of the subject has done much for the cause, not only in preservation of timber land, but in the protection of game.

Of all the States that have taken up the good fight none has accomplished so much as New York, and no single official has done so much as Governor Flower. Too much praise cannot be given Mr. Flower for lifting the matter of forest-preservation out of politics. It is to his efforts alone, it may be said, that the "Forest-Preserve Bill," recently passed by the New York Legislature, received the serious consideration it merited. He alone, of all in political power, appeared to grasp the necessities of the case, and in doing so he responded to the earnest desire of those who want to see the forests perpetuated in good order. What those great breathing-spots are to the people any one who studies the situation must realize. It is a subject of general rejoicing that they have been finally secured.—[C. W. Whitney, in Harper's Weekly.

The Paris hot-water fountains for the use of the poor supply eight quarts of heated water for one cent.

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of the body is the fundamental factor of health and beauty.

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Manufacturers,
341 Broadway, NEW YORK.

Treatment of Wounds in the Foot.

Lockjaw in horses is frequently caused by the animal stepping upon a nail. Most cases can be avoided by prompt treatment. We clip the following upon this subject from an exchange:

"All persons owning and working horses are liable to have them injured in their feet by stepping on nails, thus temporarily or permanently crippling them. Wounds of this sort need attention, and yet few persons under such circumstances know what to do.

"If a wound caused by stepping on a nail bleeds freely, so much the better, but usually it does not. The tough, fibrous sole is very elastic, and is apt, therefore, to close up and prevent bleeding, at least very quickly after withdrawing the nail.

"When an accident of this kind occurs, go to the nearest blacksmith, as he has facilities for cutting out the sole of the foot, which should be done about the part pierced till the blood flows freely. Then take the horse home and wash out the bottom of the foot, and apply to it flaxseed meal mixed with hot water to the consistency of dough, with which fill the cavity of the foot. It will stay without being bound on if the horse stands on a floor.

Of course anything else that will keep the sole moist and soft and the wound open for free discharge will do, but I consider a flaxseed poultice far better than any other, all things considered. How long a horse should be so kept is a matter of judgment, depending on how serious the injury is, and how fast the animal gets along as to fever, etc., in the foot and ankle.

"A wound of this sort is always attended with danger, and especially if the nail inflicting the injury is rusty. Many a good animal has been lost by such an injury that need not had this treatment been known to the owner. It is inexpensive, easily done, needs no professional skill, and I think is better than anything else that can be recommended. Linseed meal can always be found at any well-equipped drug store. Every country farmer should keep two or three pounds of it on hand to be used in cases of emergency."

Starveling Colleges.

The American college of the middle of this century, like its English original, existed for the work of the Church. If the college dies the Church dies, was the basis of its appeal for money and influence. Its duty was to form a class of educated men in whose hands should lie the preservation of the creed. In the mouths of ignorant men the truths of the Church would be clouded. Each wise Church would see that its wisdom be not marred by human folly.

The needs of one Church indicated the needs of others. So it came about that each of the many organizations called Churches in America established its colleges here and there about the country, all based on the same general plan.

And as the little towns on the rivers and prairies grew with the progress of the country into large cities, so it was thought, by some mysterious virtue of inward expansion, these little schools in time would grow to be great universities. And in this optimistic spirit the future was forestalled and the schools were called universities from the beginning. As time went on it appeared that a university could not be made without money, and the source of money must be outside the schools. And so has ensued a long struggle between the American college and the wolf at the door—a tedious, belittling conflict, which has done much to lower the name and dignity of higher education.

To this educational planting without watering, repeated again and again, East and West, North and South, must be ascribed the unnaturally severe struggle for existence through which our colleges have been forced to pass, the poor work, low salaries, and humiliating economies of the American college professor, the natural end of whom, according to Dr. Holmes, "is starvation."—David Starr Jordan in the Popular Science Monthly.

A freak of nature even more remarkable than that of the Siamese twins is reported from Nanking, where a Kiangsi man has two sons, aged about eight, who are joined together by an "arm-like piece of flesh" about the size of a man's arm, in such wise they stand, not side by side, but face to face. A writer who has examined them states that when they walked they had to move sidewise, or shoulders first, "like the peregrinations of a crab."

Lambs' feet are sold as great dainties in Russia, and calves' feet are used chiefly as foundation for soup.

Badgering a Witness.

The old style of badgering a witness has almost disappeared from many courts; but in a western Kansas town it is still kept up, sometimes however, to the damage of the cross-examiner. Lawyer S. is well known for his uncomely habits. He cuts his hair about four times a year and the rest of the time looks decidedly ragged about the ears. He was making a witness describe a barn that figured in his last case:

"How long has this barn been built?"

"Oh, I don't know. About a year, mebby—about nine months, p'r'haps."

"But just how long? Tell the jury how long it has been built."

"Well, I don't know, exactly—quite a while."

"Now, Mr. B., you pass for an intelligent farmer and yet you can't tell how old this barn is, and you have lived on the next farm for ten years. Can you tell how old your own house is? Come now—tell us how old your own house is, if you think you know."

Quick as lightning the old farmer replied: "Ye want to know how old my house is, do ye? Well, it's about as old as ye be and needs shinglin' about as bad!"

In the roar that followed the witness stepped down and was not called back.—[Chicago Post.

The First Sleeping Car.

No single thing has contributed more to the comfort of modern life than the Pullman car. Its inventor, George M. Pullman, worked out the details of his invention while a merchant in Colorado in 1859. In 1864 he carried his idea to Chicago and employed a master carbuilder of the Alton road at a salary of $100 a month to superintend the construction of a model car. The inventor was determined that it should be the handsomest car in all respects that had ever been made in the country. He came on to New York and here happened to meet the artist who had just decorated the house of Samuel J. Tilden. He at once closed with this artist took him west and set him at work decorating the car.

When the Pioneer was finished it had cost the extraordinary sum of $18,000, a large price even now for a sleeping car. It was a wonder to everybody. It was just as Mr. Pullman had expected. The beauty of the finish and the marvelous innovation he had made were advertised far and near by the newspapers and by railroad men, and some of the latter began to believe that the ideas of the inventor after all were practicable.—[N. Y. Herald.

Imagination and Sympathy.

It takes imagination to realize vividly anything outside of our own consciousness, but as soon as we have this keen realization of another's condition, we are in some sort of sympathy with him. Who would tread upon a worm, or wantonly crush a butterfly or kick a dog, if he were vividly realizing the pain he was inflicting? And, still more, who would wound a fellow-being by word or deed or look; who would oppress the poor, cheat the ignorant, or despise the feeble, if the distress created was ever present before those who caused it? So true is it that "Evil is wrought by want of thought, as well as want of heart."—[New York Ledger.

The Oldest Bank Note.

Among the curiosities obtained by the British Museum there is none so interesting as a Chinese bank note of the Ming dynasty, about 1368. No earlier example is known to be extant. It is, however, a comparatively modern specimen for China, although it was not till three hundred years after its issue that bank notes were used in Europe.—[Notes and Queries.

A good-sized Spanish onion, after boiling a short time, will yield, on being pressed, quite a large quantity of very adhesive fluid. This is used quite extensively in various trades for pasting paper on tin, zinc, or even glass, and the tenacity with which it holds would surprise any one on making the first attempt. It is the cheapest and best mucilage for such purposes, and answers as well as many of the more costly and patent cements.

We Can't Talk

Without showing the condition of our teeth. Every laugh exposes them. In order not to be ashamed of them, let us use that standard dentifrice, SOZODONT, which is sure to keep them white and spotless. No tartar can encrust them, no canker affect the enamel, no species of decay infest the dental bone, if SOZODONT is regularly used. It is a botanical preparation, and its beneficial effects on the teeth and gums are marvelous, as it removes all discolorations, and renders the gums hard and rosy.

No nose knows you chew if you plan it to use the Planet

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Tobacco.

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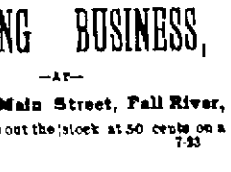

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Comprising the best goods and styles to be found in foreign and domestic fabrics, at 15 per cent. less than our regular prices. This we do in order to make room for our Spring and Summer styles, which we will receive about Feb. 15. We guarantee the make-up of our goods to be the best and to give general satisfaction.

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Have purchased of

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—AT—

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And will close out the stock at 50 cents on a dollar. 7-23

Marriage of French Girls.

The average American regards the French idea of marriage with horror, without exactly knowing why. A young girl is educated under the careful eye of her mother or governess, who accompanies her to all her classes, and considers it as only a matter of course to sit patiently with needlework or book during the music or singing lesson. The girl is taught from her earliest childhood that it is the destiny of woman to become a wife and mother.

When she is about eighteen years old she makes her appearance in society. The walls of a French ballroom are always lined with chairs. The mother and daughter take their places side by side, and the two chairs are theirs for the evening. When a man requests a girl to dance he writes his name on a card and does not appear again until the dance begins. Then he puts his "cinque" (opera hat) on the girl's chair, with her fan, and with a bow to her mother leads her off. Sometimes during the whole dance not a word is exchanged between the two. Such a thing as "dividing" a waltz or sitting it "through" while the music plays is unheard of, though promenading is permissible. When the dance is finished the girl is led back to her place, and with "Thank you, mademoiselle," and "Thank you, monsieur," the couple part.

To the American girl the idea of thanking a man for dancing with her is preposterous, but her French sister is more philosophical.

"Why shouldn't I thank him?" she asks. "Has not the dance given me as much pleasure as it has given him, and is it not a compliment to be chosen from so many girls? Then, why not be polite?"

After a season or two in society madame decides that it is time her daughter should be married. At present it is the fashion for wealthy people to spend the summer in their own cottages by the seaside, and there young people meet and are allowed a certain degree of freedom, though always under the eye of a chaperon. After the French girl is fairly well acquainted with her future fiance (though this is not always the case), some relative of the young man is charged with the delicate commission of presenting his case to the mother of the young lady. The education, social position, disposition, health, wealth and prospects of each are discussed with the greatest frankness. Then, if the two are not already acquainted, the girl is taken to the theatre and the men call on her in the box, or the two are invited to dine at the house of a common friend. If either does not like the other, the matter is ended, for it is a very unusual thing for a parent to force a child into marriage. If, however, the liking is reciprocal, other meetings take place, the two are allowed a few moments of privacy, a walk in the garden, or a conversation at one end of the room. If the result is satisfactory, the marriage is decided on and takes place three months afterward. The question of "dot" (money) is a serious one.

It is absurd to say that French women are married only for their money. It is almost an impossibility for a man in ordinary circumstances to marry a poor girl. The education of the average man is far more complete in France than in America. Every family tries to send the boys to school until they are at least eighteen years old. Then comes the military service, and a man begins business when he is about twenty-one. If his family are in moderate circumstances, it is probable that the son accepts a government position, with a salary of $30 a month. At thirty years of age, if he is steady and industrious, he may make $40 a month. How is it possible to support a family on so small a sum? The only solution is to marry a girl about the same income. It is not necessary for her to have a large capital if she has any means of supporting herself. This also applies to cultivated people. A marriage in France is not the easy thing it is in America. The consent of the parent of both parties must be furnished, or if that is not possible and they are of age, then the refusal must be obtained, together with their birth certificates and the marriage certificates of the parents. If the latter are dead, their death certificates must be procured before the bans are published. A religious marriage is not recognized by law, and it is usual for the civil marriage to take place at the Mayor's office in the early morning, and the religious marriage in the church at noon, though often the civil ceremony is read the day before the religious ceremony takes place. As France is a Catholic country, the double marriage is customary. The groom wears a dress suit, the bride a high neck white gown. The bridesmaids and bridal party are in high-neck dresses, as it is considered the height of impropriety to enter a church decolleté. After the service—during part of which the bridal couple sit on chairs with their backs to the congregation—the bridesmaids take up a collection, passing purses made of the same material as their dresses. The proceeds are given to the poor.

The question is often asked: "Are French marriages usually happy?" As a rule, they are more so than American marriages. The man is carefully selected by the bride's parents, who are better able to judge what will prove a suitable match than a girl of twenty, who knows so little of the world, and has seen so few men, that she is commonly ready to love the chosen one. It is the fashion for French writers to deal with immorality of all sorts, and this gives foreigners a false idea of things. As a matter of fact, the standard of morality of the middle classes is quite as high in France as in America, while the so-called upper circle are above the same in all countries.—[Jennese Miller Monthly.

A bottle-corking machine with a feed reservoir of corks like the magazine guns is a new invention.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

A man who will take umbrage without cause would probably take most anything else.

The new combination of Smart Weed and Belladonna, as used in Carter's Backache Plasters, has proved to be one of the best that could be made. Try one of these popular plasters in any case of weak or lame back, backache, rheumatism, neuralgia, soreness of the chest or lungs, and you will be surprised and pleased by the prompt relief. In bad cases of chronic dyspepsia, a plaster over the pit of the stomach stops the pain at once. Ask for Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Price 25 cents.

In the planetary system we believe that the earth holds its own; then again, it is equally true that its zone holds the earth.

Have no equal as a prompt and positive cure for sick headache, biliousness, constipation, pain in the side, and all liver troubles. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them.

A man is as old as he feels, but not always as big.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufmann's great work, fine colored plates from life, on disease, its causes, and home cure. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

There is a new automatic mail bag releasing device that lets go as soon as the pouch is touched.

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Your best remedy for
Erysipelas, Catarrh
Rheumatism, and
Scrofula.
Salt-Rheum, Sore Eyes
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Anemia, Indigestion
Pimples, Blotches
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Languidness, Dropsy
Liver Complaint
All cured by

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Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
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Cures others, will cure you

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FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS.

On improved Real Estate within city limits negotiated by A. M. FECHEIMER, West Superior, Wis.
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PROVIDENCE, R. I.

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PARTICIPATION ACCOUNT.

Deposits on Participation Account on or before May 15 draw interest from May 1. Dividends, August and February.

This Account offers the advantages of Savings Banks with the additional security of the capital stock of the Company.

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2-25

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For a FIRST CLASS INSTRUMENT, from Reliable Makers, Fully Warranted, which you can buy VERY LOW for CASH or On EASY INSTALMENTS, call and see us.

We show the largest stock ever seen in Newport.

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr. & Co.,
154 Thames Street,
Rep. M. Steinert & Sons Co.

CHASE'S RENOVATING COMPOUND FOR DISEASES OF POULTRY.

At the solicitation of many people who have used this remedy for their poultry the discoverer has put it in the market.

JOHN H. CHASE, Proprietor,
General Agency at Taylor's Pharmacy, Broadway. 6-23

Old Solace Whiskey,

Sold in bulk, also in white flint glass bottles holding full quarts.

Windmill HOLLAND GIN,

Sold in bulk, also in imported white glass bottles holding 1 qt. and ½ pt. (Imperial measure

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MEATS and Groceries,

Poultry, Game, Vegetables, Fruits and Canned Goods.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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18 Franklin St., Newport, R.I.

Residence, No. 1 School St.

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical.
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.

Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

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THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co:

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Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work executed with dispatch.

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ORANGES, DATES, FIGS, Nuts,

At the very lowest possible prices.

Also

Canaries

—AND—

Brass Cages.

W. F. Williamson,

296 Thames Street.

February Sale.

My entire stock of

FRAMED PICTURES,
WALL POCKETS, EASELS,
PICTURE FRAMES, &c., &c.,
at 25 to 50 per ct. discount,
during this month.

W. H. ARNOLD,
12 Broadway.

Furniture.

A NEW LINE OF

CARPETS

—AT—

M. Cottrell's.

NEW STYLES IN

Chamber Furniture;

NEW LINE OF

PAPER HANGINGS.

Furniture of all Descriptions, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings.

M. COTTRELL,
COTTRELL BLOCK,
1-10 Next to the Post Office.

CLOSING OUT

SPRING STOCK

at a discount.

Great bargains in

Baby Carriages

—AT—

Bryer's
Furniture Rooms,
156 THAMES STREET.

New Carpets

AND

Wall Papers.

We are daily receiving new carpets and wall papers and are prepared to show a fine line of

New Patterns.

Prices as low as Anywhere.

W. C. Cozzens & Co.,
138 Thames St.

Souvenir Spoons of Newport.

OLD STONE MILL,
LIME ROCKS, Home of Ida Lewis.
FORT DUMPLINGS, Jamestown,
CASINO, Narragansett Pier.

OUR OWN SPECIAL PATTERNS.

They are works of Art and of Historic Interest.

H. A. Heath & Co.
JEWELERS,
162 THAMES STREET.

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Narragansett Concrete Co.

—OF—

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I.

On and after THURSDAY, June 2d, will locate in Newport and be prepared to do all kinds of

Concreting, Asphalting, Paving, Curbing, Lawns, Gardens, Walks and Driveways attended to.

J. BRISTOW, P. O. Box 196, Narragansett Pier, R.I. 5-27

REMOVAL.

I desire to inform my patrons and friends that on and after OCTOBER 1, 1889, my place of business will be No. 18 Market Square. Any one who has umbrellas or parasols will please call for them here.

I shall have larger premises and will buy and sell second-hand furniture and antiquities.

ROCCO BARONE, Ferry Wharf.

BRADLEY'S

FERTILIZER.

I wish to announce to my old customers and the public generally, that I am still agent for the above Standard Fertilizer, and that I am prepared to fill all orders promptly.

L. H. PEABODY,
Middletown, R. I.

TWO WEEKS vs. FOUR YEARS

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa Shows Blood Cleansing Qualities of

Roots, Barks and Herbs.

MERIDEN, N. H., Dec. 3, 1892.

J. H. Moore, Meriden, N. H.

I was a constant sufferer from Blood and Skin Diseases for four years, and employed the best physicians in New Hampshire and consulted different specialists in Boston without benefit.

Finding no help, I began taking Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, and I certify under oath that it has afforded me more relief in the past two weeks than all the different physicians in the past four years.

JOHN H. MOORE, Meriden, N. H.

CORNISH, N. H., Dec. 3, 1892.

Personally appeared John H. Moore, well known to me to be reliable and made oath that the foregoing statement by him signed is true.

Before me, WM. H. SISSON, Notary Pub.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

Nature's Remedy of Roots, Barks and Herbs for the Blood, Liver, Stomach and Kidneys.

Sold by Druggists. $1.00 per Bottle, Six for $5.00.

Koal-spar TRADE-MARK

FACTS!

9th. Koal-spar keeps boiler flues clean.

10th. Koal-spar saves 25% of your Coal Bill

One package of Koal-spar costing 25 cents, saves one quarter ton of coal, hard or soft.

Descriptive Circulars Free to Consumers.

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and address on a postal card, and we will see that it is placed within your reach.

THE KOAL-SPAR CO.,
51 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

JAMES A. RANDALL,
General Agent, 128 Spring St. Newport, R.

Clothing.

NEW
Spring Woolens.

HENRY D. SPOONER
200 THAMES STREET.

Fall and Winter

CLOTHING!

In addition to my stock of the above goods from Boston, I have the largest stock of

Rogers, Peet & Co.'s Winter Suits,

OVERCOATS

—AND—

ULSTERS,

that I have ever shown.

JAMES P. TAYLOR'S,

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(Opposite Post Office.)

TIN WARE PRICES.

Ten Quart Dish Pans, 25c; Sheet Iron Dripping Pans, 15c. and 20c; Sauce Pans, 10c., 12c. and 18c; Stew Pans, 5c., 10c., 15c. and 25c; Wash Basins, 8c; Silverine Trays, 8c; Dover Egg Beaters, 10c; Colanders, 10c; Preserving Kettles, 10c; Tin Strainers, 10c; Suds Dippers, long and short handles, 10c; Ladle Dippers and Pot Covers, 5c; Tea and Coffee Strainers, 3c. and 5c; Basting Spoons, 5c; Sewing Machine Oil and Oilers, 5c. each; 3-Prong Towel Racks, 5c; Clothes Lines, 10c. and 15c; Wooden Spoons, 5c; Four Hook Coat Racks, 5c; Tin Tea Kettles, 20c; Three Papers Pins for 5c; Broilers, 8c; Crumb Tray and Brush, 20c; Wooden Rim Sieves, 10c; Maple Chair Seats, 10c; Coffee Pots, 17c. to 45c.

Also Masons' and Carpenters' tools and other goods at rock bottom price. 8 18

FINE
Photograph Gallery

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GOOD CHANCE FOR AN

Amateur.

A. L. LEAVITT,

126 Bellevue Avenue.

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S.S. Department.

THE VALUE OF WISDOM.

Sunday School Lesson—May 7.

Prov. 3: 11-24.

Lesson Introduction.

The books of Job, Proverbs, and Ecclesiastes belong to what is called the Wisdom Literature of the Hebrews. This literature dwells "upon the more general problems which concern man as man, as a part of the world, and under divine government."

Like those of the last lesson, these verses are the introductory or first section of the book. "This chapter is one of the loftiest, most beautiful, and powerful in the whole book, and should much of it be learned by heart."

In connection with this lesson it will be well to study chapters 8 and 9: 1-6.

Explanatory Notes.

11 My son, despise not the chastening of the Lord.
Neither be weary of his reproof.
12 For whom the Lord loveth he reproveth;
Even as a father the son in whom he delighteth.
13 Happy is the man that findeth wisdom,
And the man that getteth understanding.

"In chapter 2 are set forth in detail the prosperity of those who hear wisdom, and the safety she affords from the temptations of evil men and women." Chapter 3: 1-10 describes the blessings flowing from trust and reverence toward God. Verses 11 and 12 speak of accepting from Jehovah the discipline of life. Despise not: Better, "refuse not." Chastening: The original idea was of making one pure in character and conduct by whipping him. "In its various forms, 'castigate,' 'chastise,' 'chasten,' the word variously combines the idea of inflicting pain, spiritual improvement, and freedom from pretentiousness—pretentiousness being thought of as a form of impurity." "The English word 'discipline' best fits the Hebrew word, provided we understand that discipline may include knowledge as well as training." "They despise the discipline when they do not learn the lessons it is intended to teach. There are some lessons of wisdom which we never learn except through discipline." Be weary: Do not loathe; do not entertain a feeling of aversion for it. His reproof: Meaning punishment or chastening, and reproof. The 12th stanza is related to Job 5:17 and Heb. 12:5, 6. Happy: A very expressive word. The original is plural. We might read "O the blessednesses." Findeth ... getteth: The first is a perfect tense, and is here best translated "hath found," so holds possession of. "Getteth" may be rendered by the margin, "draweth forth," or even better by "educeth." Wisdom is the important word; for its treatment see lessons for March 19 and April 30.

14 For the merchandise of it is better than the merchandise of silver,
And the gain thereof than fine gold.
15 She is more precious than rubies:
And none of the things thou canst desire are to be compared unto her.
16 Length of days is in her right hand;
In her left hand are riches and honour.
17 Her ways are ways of pleasantness,
And all her paths are peace.
18 She is a tree of life to them that lay hold upon her:
And happy is every one that retaineth her.

The merchandise: The profit arising from trading in it. Gain thereof: "The gain existing in wisdom," "the gain resulting from wisdom." "It is better to possess wisdom, and to have it increase, than to possess silver and gold, growing in amount by trading." Rubies: Possibly red coral or pearls. There is a climax. "She is better than silver, better than gold, better than gems, better than whatever else one may regard as most desirable." In her right hand, etc.: Wisdom is personified as a woman holding something to offer in each hand. In prose the statement may be that "he who is wise lives longer, other things being equal, than other men, and has more success in gaining wealth and position." Her ways: "Perhaps the personification is continued—the ways in which wisdom walks, and in which her followers walk with her." If we wisely choose our ways we shall find them pleasanter and more peaceful than if we fail to make that choice. A tree of life: Reference is made to the tree of life which was placed in the midst of the garden of Eden, and conferred immortality on those who ate of its fruit. "So wisdom becomes equally life-giving to those who lay hold on her, who taste of her fruit." For a fuller representation of the tree of life for us see Rev. 2: 7; 22:2. Retaineth her: "The very nature of wisdom is such that it must be sought, and constant care must be given to retain it."

19 The Lord by wisdom founded the earth:
By understanding he established the heavens.
20 By his knowledge the depths were broken up,
And the skies drop down the dew.
21 My son, let not them depart from thine eyes:
Keep sound wisdom and discretion;
22 So shall they be life unto thy soul,
And grace to thy neck.
23 Then shalt thou walk in thy way securely,
And thy foot shall not stumble.
24 When thou liest down, thou shalt not be afraid,
Yea, thou shalt lie down, and thy sleep shall be sweet.

By wisdom founded the earth: Thus far wisdom has been spoken of in relation to men. Now we come upon its relation to God. We are told that a creative act implies divine wisdom, through which the divine will acts. God by means of his wisdom creates. The depths were broken up: The ocean depths are referred to. (See Gen. 7:11.) The land was arranged to form the sea. The meaning may be, "the deeps were valleyed out." Whether a bed is made for the ocean, or the ocean bed is filled with water, God displays his wisdom, discernment, and knowledge. Skies drop down the dew: Spoken according to the common opinion. It is known that dew does not fall, but the word includes rains and mists, and then the dew comes from the air saturated with moisture, and the air is a part of the skies. Let them not depart, etc.: The pronoun stands for the nouns in the next line. Sound wisdom: One word in the original, somewhat like the English word "sagacity," the swift and true insight which enables one to win success for himself or others. Discretion: Meaning thoughtfulness or good sense. Grace to thy neck: Beauty, favor, ornament, as a necklace of jewels around the neck, "referring to the adornment of the personal character, and so by metonymy of the favor and kindness which it procures." Securely: It is the right way, and wisdom itself is the guide. It is folly that leads astray. Shall not stumble: "Into sin, into error, and hence into danger and death." The margin of the Revised Version correctly gives the form, "Thou shalt not dash thy foot." Perhaps the divine providential care of Ps. 91:12 is referred to. Sweet: Because undisturbed by conscience within or fears without.

"Brace Up"

Is a tantalizing admonition to those who at this season feel all tired out, weak, without appetite and discouraged. But the way in which Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the tired frame and gives a good appetite, is really wonderful. So we say, "Take Hood's and it will brace you up."

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend Hood's Pills.

Chestnuts.

Unduly puffed up—The fashionable sleeve.

"I've spotted you," said the sun to the girl with freckles.

This is the season of the year when nature begins to think of turning over new leaves.

No mean man has a right to wish he had never been born. Let other people do that for him.

A Scotch newspaper published births, marriages and deaths under the title, "Yells, Bells and Knells."

The painter whose stages broke under him was a brave fellow. He went down with his colors flying.

Gabriel—There's a stranger without.
St. Peter—Without what?
Gabriel—Without the gate.
St. Peter—Well, tell him to get a gait on.

Mrs. Downycouch—"Burglars broke into the church last night and took everything."

The Reverend Downycouch (absent minded)—"Did they take a collection?"

Landlady—Mr. Oldboarder, the servant reports that there is a hole in your carpet.

Oldboarder—You mustn't blame me, madam. One of your pillows fell off the bed last night.

"My dear young friend," exclaimed the good old man solemnly, "do you attend church regularly?"

"Yes, sir, but I didn't go today. She's visiting friends out of town, you know."

"There's a roomer in the air," muttered the impecunious seventh-floor lodger, as he slid down the rope that led from his window to the back alley, "that the landlord won't be able to trace, and I'll bet on it!"

"The coffee is very cold this morning, Mrs. Small," said the new boarder to landlady.

"Mr. Hunker," said the latter to the star boarder, "please hand the cayenne pepper to Mr. Ferris."

Herdit—No two people ever see a thing exactly alike.
Thinkit—Don't they though?
Herdit—No, sir.
Thinkit—Well, did you ever see two men simultaneously reach for a fifty-cent piece on the sidewalk?

Wife—What are you sitting by the open window for? Do you want to catch your death of cold?

Husband—That new homœopathic doctor across the way says he can cure the worst cold in two days. I bet five dollars he can't. I am going to win his money.

Miss Antique (taking seat politely proffered in crowded railway-carriage): "Thank you, my little man. You have been taught to be polite, I am glad to see. Did your mother tell you to always give up your seat to ladies?"

Polite Boy: "No'm, not all ladies; only old ladies."

"Has anybody here a corkscrew?" spoke up a sharp-nosed old gentleman in the sleeping car.

"I have," was the ready response from nearly every seat.

"As I thought!" shouted the old gentleman, springing to his feet. "Who will be the first to sign the temperance pledge?"

Mother—How's this, sir? The teacher says you were not at school to-day, and the neighbors tell me you were playing in the street.

Little Johnny—Th' preacher said we mustn't go where we'll hear anything improper.

"What would you hear at school, I should like to know?"

"Th' teacher said that to day we was to begin on improper fractions."

Jay Gould once told a story about an Irishman. It was when there were packet-boats on the Erie canal. The Irishman offered to work his passage to Buffalo, and they set him leading the horses that towed the boat. He worked faithfully for two days, doing a great deal of thinking. On the third day he thought it out. "By the powers," he said, "I moight as well walk as work me passage." And walk he did, without even thanking his employers.

A father in reproving his son said sternly to him:

"Did you ever see me doing such a thing as that when I was a boy?"

"Madam," replied the judge sternly, "you must answer the question. What is your age?"

"I was born the same year your honor was. That would make me about ——"

"It isn't necessary to go into particulars," interposed the judge stiffly. "Gentlemen, have you any further use for the witness. You may stand aside, madam."

The woman with the dog was making herself obnoxious to everybody by her silly fondling of the animal, which, by the way, was a fine dog, as dogs go. Finally, a man sitting near, made a remark that the woman overheard, and she fired up.

"I'd have you know, sir," she said, "that this is no cur. It is a well bred dog, sir," and she put her arms about its neck.

"I beg your pardon, madam," he responded, politely. "I said nothing against the dog. He has my sympathy. I've often noticed that well bred dogs are owned by ill bred people," and the dog wagged his tail for some reason or other.

Biggins was poorly—"all run down and no strength," he told his friend Smith. "Does yer ever take any stimulant, Mr. Biggins?" asked Smith. "No," answered Biggins mournfully, "except sometimes just before goin' to bed." "Well, for my part," said Smith, decidedly, "I don't never want to take nothin' jest afore goin' to bed, for I goes right to sleep and loses all the good on it."

Curious Causes of Fire.

Moistened tin turnings and chips have been known to take fire.

A rat gnawing at a box of grease-dipped friction matches ignited the lot.

A running belt which angled into a mass of greasy waste set fire to the heap by friction.

A flood burned one factory by causing a pile of iron filings to oxidize so rapidly as to become intensely heated.

A match carelessly dropped beneath a lace curtain was stepped upon, ignited, and instantly the drapery was ablaze.

A lens exposed to the sun's ray in an optician's window frequently acts as a burning glass before being noticed.

A stream from the firemen's hose started a second fire while putting out the first, the water having penetrated an adjoining building containing quicklime.

A nail glanced from a carpenter's hammer into the conveyor of raw material in a jute factory, rubbed against drum and produced a spark, which set fire to the place.

In the eleventh century both English and French dandies covered their arms with bracelets.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

An uncut diamond looks very much like a bit of the best gum arabic.

The man who called sarsaparilla a fraud, had good reason; for he got hold of a worthless mixture at "reduced rates." He changed his opinion, however, when he began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It pays to be careful, when buying medicines.

Every gem known to the lapidary has been found in the United States.

"A wolf in sheep's clothing"—the substitute offered by the "cutter" as being just as good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you don't want to be bitten, insist upon having Ayer's Sarsaparilla, even if it is a little dearer. Depend on it, it will be cheaper for you in the end.

The best pearls are found on the Ceylon coast and in the Persian Gulf.

DON'T GIVE UP.

because you feel blue and are troubled with that tired and all-gone feeling. Do as I did, use a bottle of Sulphur Bitters, it will make you feel like a new person; it did me. JENNIE HOLMES, 384 Tremont street, Boston.

When a paragrapher makes a joke about pork he naturally expects it will float.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Use BUTLER'S COCOA for Breakfast and Supper, pure and healthful, and their FAMILY CHOCOLATE for drinking and cooking, jellies, puddings, creams, etc.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—in all the world there is but one cure,
Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe that they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. 1-2-4m

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. M. Cole.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

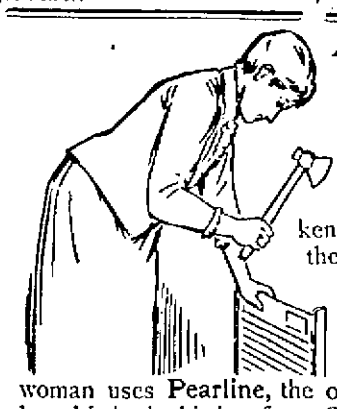
From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S.D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs, cough set in which terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined that if I could not stay with my loved ones on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles, it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at C. M. Cole's Drug store. Regular sizes, 50c. and $1.00.

Dupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of the liver, kidneys and stomach. Sold at 50c. and $1 per bottle by Chas. M. Cole, druggist.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NOTICE.—Pronounce the word "Hough" as if spelled "Huff" when calling for Dr. Hough's Cough and Lung Balsam. Cures coughs, colds, croup or whooping cough. Try it. All medicine dealers sell it.



A Sensible Woman

She's putting the washboard where it'll do some good. She has suffered with it long enough; broken her back over it, rubbed the clothes to pieces on it, wasted half her time with it. But now she knows better. Now she's using Pearline—and when a woman uses Pearline, the only way to use the washboard is in the kitchen fire. There's no more hard work, no more ruinous rubbing, but there's washing that's easy and economical and safe.

Are you as sensible as this woman—millions are?

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 312 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

For Bronchitis

"I never realized the good of a medicine so much as I have in the last few months, during which time I have suffered intensely from pneumonia, followed by bronchitis. After trying various remedies without benefit, I began the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and the effect has been marvelous, a single dose relieving me of choking and securing a good night's rest."—T. J. Higginbotham, Gen. Store, Long Mountain, Va.

La Grippe

"Last Spring I was taken down with la grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breath seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I begun taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid."—W. H. Williams, Cook City, S. Dak.

Lung Trouble

"For more than twenty-five years, I was a sufferer from lung trouble, attended with coughing so severe at times as to cause hemorrhage, the paroxysms frequently lasting three or four hours. I was induced to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking four bottles, was thoroughly cured. I can confidently recommend this medicine."—Franz Hoffmann, Clay Centre, Kans.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

CHAS. P. AUSTIN,

Stone Cutter, Monumental and Building Work,

cor. FARWELL & WALNUT Sts.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT STONE WORKS.

H. G. BURNS, Prop'r.

GRANITE WORK

of every description, including all kinds of

BUILDING & MONUMENTAL WORK.

A good stock of BLUE STONE, constantly on hand.

42 Long Whf., foot Whittier Ave.,
NEWPORT, R. I.

JOHN ALDERSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

17 Mill Street,

ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats specialty.

Liveries of every description made to order

A NEW LINE OF

Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-28

HERBS.

All kinds of herbs in general use are kept on sale at the

Enterprise Store,

No. 64 Thames St.,

In quantities from one ounce upwards, and any not in stock will be procured at short notice.

N. B.—These have been selected with great care by experienced herbalists, and all are warranted.

8-27-tf B. W. PEARCE.

E. B. HARRINGTON

—HAVING—

Purchased Controlling Interest

—IN THE—

NEWPORT Transfer Express Company

Desires to call attention of the public to its unequalled facilities for local express business. This company has the

Exclusive Privilege

of collecting checks, for delivery of baggage on all trains and steamers arriving in Newport.

—ALSO OF—

CHECKING BAGGAGE

—AT THE—

RESIDENCE to DESTINATION.

This has desirable storage warerooms at reasonable rates.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.

Branch Offices, 272 Thames Street, N. Y. Freight Depot, T. R. Line. Newport, R. I., June 1st, 1891. 64

Water.

ALL PERSONS, desirous of having water introduced into their residences or places of business, should make applications at the office, Harrison's Avenue, near Thames.

Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

WM. S. SLOCUM, Treasurer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

TIVERTON.

A settled gloom pervaded the neighborhood of Tiverton 4-Corners Saturday afternoon when in words of sorrow the news was told that Mrs. Wilcox, widow of the late Holder N. Wilcox, had gone to her eternal rest after a brief illness, the result of a severe cold. Mrs. Wilcox was born in Tiverton, March 14th, 1811, and was one of seven daughters of the late Ichabod and Mary Hart. She was a kind neighbor and helpful friend, whose memory will live long in the hearts of her many friends. During the past five years, her life had been shadowed by the death of her husband, two sons and two sisters, trials which she bore with fortitude and resignation. Mrs. Wilcox was a great reader besides being gifted with a good memory, her reminiscences of Tiverton in the past were always interesting to listen to, as well as the vicissitudes of her home life during the absence of three of her sons in the war of 1861-4. Funeral services were held at her late residence Tuesday noon, the Rev. G. B. Cutter conducting them, who in eulogizing the deceased spoke of her domestic qualities which made her home the pleasant central spot to which at all times and festive occasions her children and grandchildren loved to resort. A large attendance of friends by their presence testified their esteem for the departed one and sorrow for the bereaved family. Mrs. Wilcox was the mother of seven children, five sons and two daughters. Three sons, Frederick, Edward and John and Olivia, wife of Col. John C. Seabury, are left to mourn her loss. Messrs. Frederick, Edward, and John C. Seabury her sons and grandchild Ralph B. Wilcox were the pall bearers. Handsome floral tributes were placed on the casket, the principal one being a pillow inscribed with the word "mother." The interment took place in the Wilcox family burying lot in the Presbyterian Cemetery, east of the 4-Corners.

Mrs. Christopher White is seriously ill, being threatened with pneumonia.

At the school meeting in district No. 2, Samuel W. Hathaway was elected Trustee. It was voted to repair and paint the School House and woodhouse. Isaac Brown, Henry Durfee and Samuel W. Hathaway were appointed a committee on repairs.

Isaac G. White, who has been a great sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism for the past sixteen weeks, is still confined to his room the weather not being favorable to his recovery.

Mr. John A. Wilcox, who has been invalided with the grip and its attending results for the past three weeks, is progressing towards recovery.

At the annual school meeting held in District No. 12, Charles H. Potter, Moderator, the officers elected for the ensuing year were:

Clerk—Samuel E. Almy.
Collector—Fernando A. Wilcox.
Treasurer—Horace L. Almy.
Trustee—James A. Mansfield.

The treasurer's report was received and accepted. Voted to build a woodhouse. Voted that James A. Mansfield and Charles H. Potter be the building committee.

At the usual monthly meeting of the court of probate and town council held Monday, present Messrs Borden, Simmons and Walker, the business transactions were Squire S. Lake appointed administrator on the estate of Philip W. Lake, Appraisers Benjamin F. Manchester, Daniel C. Grinnell, Rodney D. Brayton, Bond $200, Surety William Hunt; Appraisers appointed on estate of Elizabeth Seabury, John T. Cook, Jason W. Gifford, Squire M. Chase; Custodian appointed of said estate, Peleg D. Humphrey. Final account of James G. Westgate, administrator on the estate of Sarah B. Durfee, received, allowed and ordered recorded. Notice ordered on petition of Ellen Boyle that letters of administration be granted to her on the estate of John Boyle deceased. Notice ordered on petition of Oliver H. P. Howard, for probate of will of Ellen D. Howard. Account of Harriet M. Grinnell, administrator on the estate of Stephen F. Grinnell and guardian of Mary E. Grinnell received and ordered recorded.

The following names were drawn as jurors to the Court of Common Pleas to be held the third Monday in May: Grand, Squire M. Chase, Edward W. Hicks, Petit, Richmond Pettey, Jason W. Gifford, Robert M. Wyatt, Andrew H. Lawton. Green Tripp appointed auctioneer. Committee on the laying out of road in Fogland rendered their report and exhibited plan of roads as recently surveyed. At their request the Town Council ordered the clerk to cite Samuel E. Almy, Turner K. Perry, Jacob and John Schlegel to appear if they should see fit at the meeting of the Town Council the first Monday in June.

PORTSMOUTH.

There seems to be no doubt but that, if May keeps on as it has commenced, the old adage "A cold wet May, long heavy way," may be fulfilled.

Mr. Josiah G. Gifford lost one of his best cows this week, from milk fever. She was sick only twenty-four hours.

Miss Nettie Chase, of Westport, Mass., has taken charge of the grammar department in District No. 5. All the schools commenced on Monday.

Mr. Edward A. Coggeshall has a house 21x25 ready for the masons. Said house is located on Peckham avenue in Middletown, and is being built for Mr. Frank Brazil of said town.

Mr. Harry Trent, who has been in town during the past week as canvassing agent for Photographer Holloway of Newport, reports a large sale of tickets. The remarkably low offer of one dozen finely finished cabinet photos and a life-size crayon portrait for $5.50—work that Holloway has always charged $14 for—finds ready takers. Mr. Treat expects to visit our Middletown neighbors next.

JAMESTOWN.

Major Laurence Wetherell and family, of Philadelphia, and Mr. H. Audley Clarke, of Lakewood, have arrived for the season.

Daniel Watson has rented for Lionel Champlin his cottage on Lincoln street to T. Chester Walbridge of Philadelphia for the coming season.

The Champlin House opened for the season this week.

Mrs. Charles Whitney of Boston has engaged rooms at the Gardner house for the coming summer.

Mrs. M. C. Beardsley, of Norwich, Conn., has arrived at the Anthony Cottage for the season.

Mr. C. F. Frasch entertained the members of the Fire Department recently with cake and ice cream.

P. H. Horgan is having a bank wall placed on the shore in front of Hotel Thorndike.

Mr. T. E. Williams and Mr. W. E. McKibben, of Cambridge, have been engaged as clerk and assistant at Hotel Thorndike for the coming season.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

Joseph A. Hoar has sold to Job Wilbour, at mortgagee's sale, a lot of land with buildings and improvements thereon, on Walnut street, containing 3350 square feet.

A. O'D. Taylor has let to Richard de Logerot, Marquis de Croisic, New York, a large stable of 8 stalls, and carriage house on Freebody street, for Mrs. Pauline L. Baxter.

A. O'D. Taylor has let for Frederick Tompkins of the Bank of Rhode Island, his house 12 Redwood street, to Mrs. Odell, widow of late Doctor Odell.

A. Prescott Baker has sold for Mrs. Fannie Lucas, a lot of land on Lucas avenue, containing 2050 square feet to Arthur Miller for $305.50.

A. P. Baker has rented for Mrs. Samuel Engs her cottage on Brinley street to Miss L. N. Clough.

H. F. Wright and wife have purchased a lot of land with buildings and improvements thereon on Hall avenue containing 5000 square feet, for $1850.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold for Mrs. Mary Twomey to Mrs. John Corridon a lot of about eight thousand five hundred feet on Evarts place off Gibbs street.

A. O'D. Taylor has let for Miss E. C. Boss her house No. 40 Prospect Hill street, to Mr. A. Anthony.

Mr. Joseph A. Carey has rented, through DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge, his store corner of William street and Bellevue avenue, to Messrs. Harriman & Co. of New York for the coming season.

George H. Norman has sold to Geo. H. Carr for $1 and other considerations a lot of land, adjoining lot on Rhode Island avenue owned by grantee.

A. O'D. Taylor has let for the Executor of the late Mrs. Mary H. Peckham, the house 17 Rhode Island avenue to Mr. A. A. Hunt.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold to Mrs. S. Titus Zabriskie, a lot of 20,000 feet on Washington street, as a site for the new Memorial Church on the "Point."

Simeon Hazard has sold for Lydia A. Stoddard 5000 feet of land on Johnson court with buildings to Constant Smith.

Forrest F. Emerson has sold through Simeon Hazard, agent, 5000 square feet of land on Thurston avenue to Sarah E. Hazard.

Simeon Hazard has made the following rentals for Mr. J. Brown, upper tenement No. 14 Newport avenue to Andrew Nicol; for Miss Mary A. Webb, her property at 98 Warner street, upper tenement to Mr. L. C. Somerville, Engineer Newport Laundry, and the lower to Mr. S. M. Starratt.

A. P. Baker has rented for Benj. R. Smith his cottage on Washington and Poplar streets, to Dr. W. H. Birckhead for the summer.

Daniel Watson has rented at Jamestown Captain Thomas O. Selfride's cottage known as "Red Top" to Henry S. Brooks of New York for the summer.

Mr. William Fludder has been receiving congratulations this week upon the completion last Tuesday of 80 years of life. Mr. Fludder, notwithstanding his advanced age, is one of our most active and highly esteemed citizens, and we desire to join with the rest of his fellow citizens in wishing him many happy returns of the day.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed and duly qualified, by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Portsmouth, R. I., administratrix on the estate of GEORGE N. DENNIS late of said Portsmouth, deceased, respectfully requests all persons having claims against said estate to present them and those indebted to make payment to

A. V. L. DENNIS
4-22. Administratrix.

Rev. Charles H. Malcolm, D. D., formerly of Newport, will officiate at St. Matthews church, Jamestown, tomorrow.

New Advertisements

Primary Meeting

THE REPUBLICAN ELECTORS of the City of Newport are requested to meet at the STATE HOUSE this (Saturday) evening, May 6, 1893, at 8 o'clock, to nominate a candidate for Second Representative in the General Assembly for the ensuing political year, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of H. K. A. Carry.

By order of Republican City Committee.

A. U. LANDER, Chairman.
A. E. GILMAN, Asst. Secretary. 5-6

MASONIC BALL,

THURSDAY EVENING, May 11th,

CANTATA OF

Hunt the Thimble or Nellie's Surprise Party,

For the benefit of the Ladies' Society of the First Presbyterian church. Tickets 35c. Reserved Seats 50c.

AUGUSTUS FRENCH, Conductor.
THOS. A. SPENCER, Pianist.

A fine Children's March included in Cantata. Box Office open for selection of reserved seats on WEDNESDAY, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 3 to 5:30 P. M. Tickets for sale at ROOKS' MUSIC HOUSE and MOLENNAN BROS. 5-6 1w

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed, given by James W. Counsell and Ann M. Counsell, his wife, both of the town of Tiverton in the County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, to the Island Savings Bank, a corporation, bearing date August 7th, A. D. 1888, and recorded in Land Evidence of said Tiverton, Vol 33, pages 483 to 485, the condition contained in said mortgage having been broken: There will be sold at public auction, on the premises, hereinafter described, in the said town of Tiverton, on SATURDAY, May 27th, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title and interest of the said James W. Counsell and Ann M. Counsell at the time of the execution of said mortgage deed, in and to a certain tract or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in Tiverton, aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows: Northerly, by Hooper street, and there measuring sixty-six feet; Easterly, by land of Annie Grady and Nancy Melville, one hundred and sixty-five feet; Southerly, by land of the heirs of Augustus Chace, and there measuring sixty-six feet, and Westerly, by land of said heirs of Augustus Chace, one hundred and sixty-five feet, and containing forty rods of land, more or less, being lot numbered nine (9) in Section O on a plan of land situate in said Tiverton, called Bellevue Heights, surveyed by J. B. Jackson in 1872, and the plan aforesaid being on file in the Town Clerk's Office in Tiverton, R. I., reference thereto being had and it being the same estate conveyed to said James W. Counsell by deed of Augustus Chace, dated July 25th, 1883, and recorded on pages 228 and 229 of Book No. 30 of the Land Records of said Tiverton.

The undersigned hereby give notice of their intention to bid at said sale.

ISLAND SAVINGS BANK,
by EDWARD NEWTON, Treasurer.
5-6 4w

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a Mortgage deed made and executed by John A. Murphy, dated August 7th, A. D. 1884, and recorded in the Land Evidence of Newport, of mortgages in Book numbered 17 on pages 500 and 501: The undersigned will offer for sale by public auction on the premises in Newport on Saturday, May 27th, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, all the right, title, and interest, which the said John A. Murphy had at the time of the execution of said mortgage, in and to all of that parcel of land situate on the west side of Gould street, in the Second Ward of the city of Newport, bounded North, on lands now or late of Martha S. Coggeshall, there measuring one hundred feet; East, on Gould street, there measuring seventy-three feet; South, on lands now or late of Levi Johnston, there measuring one hundred feet; and West, on lands now or formerly of Martha S. Coggeshall, there measuring seventy-three feet; containing seven thousand three hundred feet of ground, with a dwelling house and other improvements thereon. Five hundred dollars of the purchase money will be required to be paid at the sale when the property is struck off. The undersigned hereby gives notice of her intention to bid at said sale.

ESTHER P. JOHNSTON,
Mortgagee.
Newport, May 3d, 1893—5 6.

State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations.

NEWPORT, SC. CITY OF NEWPORT.

WHEREAS HENRY R. A. CAREY, elected on the fifth day of April, 1893, SECOND REPRESENTATIVE from the City of Newport to the General Assembly of this State for one year from the last Tuesday in May next, has, since his election, deceased, and a new election in such case is required by law to be called forthwith,

WHEREFORE, the qualified electors of this city entitled to vote for General Officers are hereby notified and warned to assemble in Ward Meetings on Tuesday, the twenty-third day of May, 1893, at half-past six o'clock in the morning, at the following named places, viz:

IN THE FIRST WARD, at the Ward Room on Bridge Street.
IN THE SECOND WARD, at the Ward Room, Equality Park Place.
IN THE THIRD WARD, at the Ward Room, Mill Street.
IN THE FOURTH WARD, at the Ward Room, Young Street.
IN THE FIFTH WARD, at No. 6 Fire Station Engine Room, Thames Street.

AND said electors will give in their ballots, as provided by law, for SECOND REPRESENTATIVE from the City of Newport to the General Assembly of this state for one year from the last Tuesday in May, 1893.

Said Ward Meetings, according to law, will be kept open from half past six o'clock in the morning until half-past six o'clock in the evening, and no longer.

WITNESS MY HAND this Third day of May, A. D. 1893. WILLIAM G. STEVENS, City Clerk.
5-6

For Sale.

A square piano in good order with new cover and stool, for seventy five dollars, ($75) cash or ninety dollars ($90), ten dollars ($10) down and five dollars ($5) per month.

Also three new pianos just from the manufactory, and a full line of stools. JOHN VARS,
172 Thames Street,
Entrance through Carr's Book Store.

Newport Nurseries

Offer a full stock of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs of every variety, including many new and rare kinds. Also a fine assortment of fruit.

Apples,
Pears,
Peaches,
Quinces,
Cherries,
Currants,

vines and climbers, Hardy Hydrangeas, Hardy Roses, Hedge Plants etc.

Apply at Vernon Avenue,
4 29-3t. Or address Company.

SHELF PAPER

ALL COLORS. BEST QUALITY.

GEO. H. CARR'S,
172 Thames Street.

New Advertisements

It would be useless to tell this community, knowing my past year's experience, that I want

M O N E Y

but I do, and I offer big inducements for it.

An Elegant Grocery Harness for $12,
A Light Buggy Harness for $17,
and a Coupe Harness for $20.

Think of a Complete Steel Frame Cultivator for $5,

and that 4 quarts of Peas can be bought for 75 cents.
That Elegant Tuberoses cost but 5 cents each, and

Tuberous Begonias,

but $1 50 per dozen; that I can sell you

Cabbage Plants

for $5, by the thousand, and that you can make one gallon of paint from the best known stock for less than $1, and can buy an

Oil Stove

that will bake or boil for 58 cents, these facts prove that the prices are an inducement.

I offer this week a fine line of

Base Balls and Bats, Baskets and Hammocks,

A choice lot of

PANSY PLANTS

and Assorted Bulbs.

A car load of Lansing Wheelbarrows, 2 cars of diamond Baskets, a car of cut Steel Nails direct from Mill, 15 crates Flower Pots in all sizes, Wood Ashes which I can furnish in barrels.

My floor holds the largest assortment and stock of Lawn Mowers ever offered to this trade and prices compete with any and all.

10,000 feet of Rubber Hose to arrive this week.

Paris Green and Insecticides of all kinds. Weaver's Hoe in all the patterns at reduced prices.

Leave your order for Nursery Stock and you will find both stock and prices right.

AT

Geo. A. Weaver's

19-21-23 Broadway.

Vegetable Seeds

—FOR—

3 cts. per Package.

Asparagus (Conover's colossal.)
Beets (early blood turnip.)
Beets (Dewing's improved.)
Celery (Henderson's half dwarf.)
Celery (Boston market.)
Corn (Cowell's Evergreen.)
Cucumber (imperial white spine.)
Cucumber (early frame.)
Cucumber (early cluster.)
Cauliflower (early snowball.)
Cabbage (Henderson's early summer.)
Cabbage (drumhead savoy.)
Cabbage (stone mason drumhead.)
Corn (black Mexican.)
Corn (early Crosby.)
Corn (early Minnesota.)
Carrot (early half long Danvers.)
Lettuce (early tennis ball.)
Lettuce (Boston curled.)
Muskmelon (round yellow.)
Muskmelon (green nutmeg.)
Onion (yellow globe Danvers.)
Pumpkin (sugar, large yellow.)
Pepper (ruby king.)
Parsnip (long white sugar Dutch.)
Parsley.
Rutabaga (Sherring's purple top.)
Rutabaga (large sweet German.)
Radish (early scarlet turnip.)
Radish (long scarlet.)
Spinach (round thick leaved.)
Squash (yellow bush scallop.)
Squash (early yellow bush.)
Squash (summer crookneck.)
Squash (Hubbard.)
Turnip (purple or red top.)
Tomato (Livingston's favorite.)
Tomato (selected trophy.)
Tomato (Paragon.)
Tomato (Essex hybrid.)
Watermelon (mountain sweet.)

Only 3 cts. a package.

Stop and get a list of our

Imported Flower Seeds & Bulbs,

—AT—

A. C. Landers',

167 Thames Street,

COVELL'S BLOCK.

New Advertisements

NOTICE.

MY WIFE, ANNIE MANCHESTER, having left my bed and board, without provocation, all people are hereby forbidden to harbor or trust her on my account.

JOHN A. MANCHESTER.
4 29-3w. Tiverton, R. I.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

NOTICE TO OWNERS AND KEEPERS OF DOGS.

The last day for taxing licenses for dogs, males at one dollar and fifteen cents, and females at five dollars and fifteen cents, is

Saturday, April 29th, 1893.

During the month of May one dollar additional will be charged; and beginning with June 1st, 1893, every owner or keeper of a dog without license will be liable to a fine of TEN DOLLARS for every dog not licensed.

☞ Office open evenings.

HARWOOD E. REED, Chief of Police.
4-29

Chamber Suits,

Mattresses,

Feather Pillows,

J. W. HORTON & CO.'S,

42 CHURCH ST.

UPHOLSTERING

—AND—

MATTRESS WORK,

In all its branches.

TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN.

$500 REWARD.

THE TOWN COUNCIL of Middletown hereby offer and will pay a reward of Five Hundred Dollars, for such information as will secure the apprehension, detention and conviction of the person or persons, who recently unlawfully cut down and lopped off trees within the confines of the Middletown Cemetery. Said reward to be paid upon the conviction of the offender.

By order and in behalf of said Town Council.

ALBERT L. CHASE, Clerk.
4 22-4w.

Corporation Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 1185 of the Public Laws, of the pendency before the General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island, at its January session, A. D., 1893, of a petition for the passage of an act to incorporate the "Middletown and Portsmouth Street Railway Company," which petition was originally presented at the January session, 1893.

The purpose of said act is the constructing and operating of a street railway within the towns of Middletown, Portsmouth and Tiverton, in the state of Rhode Island, with all the powers and privileges, and subject to all the duties and liabilities set forth in chapters 132 and 138 of the public Statutes, and of all acts in amendment thereof and in addition thereto.

EDWARD A. BROWN,
MELVILLE BULL,
EDWARD F. DYER,
LORENZO D. TALLMAN,
ALBERT G. LANDERS,
AUGUSTIN G. TITUS,
ASA B. ANTHONY,
4-22-4w. Petitioners.

Coddington Savings Bank.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 18, 1893.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND at the rate of Four per cent. per annum will be paid on and after Wednesday, April 19, 1893.

NATH'L R. SWINBURNE, Treasurer.

LADIES' Outside Garments

Ladies' Sacques,

Ladies' Capes,

Ladies' Sacques

WITH CAPES,

All Ready,

RECEIVED A NEW LINE.

J. E. Seabury,

218 & 220 Thames-st.

New Advertisements

Office of the Probate Clerk of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, May 6th, A. D. 1893.

JAMES C. SWAN, of said Newport, having this day filed in this office his petition, in writing, to the Court of Probate of said Newport, praying that an instrument in writing presented therewith, purporting to be the last will and testament of

MARTHA P. AILMAN,

late of Newport, deceased, may be proved, approved, allowed and recorded, and that letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased may be granted to him, the Executor named therein, and said petitioner having applied to me to give notice thereof by advertising in the Newport Mercury:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that said petition will be considered at the Court of Probate to be holden on Monday, the 22d day of May, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall in said Newport.

WM. H. HAMMETT,
5 6 Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION in writing, of George H. Wilmarth presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of

GEORGE H. WILMARTH,

late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to him or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 15th day of May, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Mercury once a week, at least, for four teen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT,
4-29 Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION in writing, of Rebecca M. Finch, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of

ELIZABETH T. MUNRO,

late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to her or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 15th day of May, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by advertisement in the Newport Mercury once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT,
4-29 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Middletown, R. I., April 17, A. D. 1893.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS, Administrator on the estate of

THOMAS BRANN,

late of said Middletown deceased, presents to this Court his first and final account therewith, and thereon prays that said account may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to the Court of Probate, to be held at the Town Hall, in said Middletown, on Monday, the 15th day of May next, A. D. 1893, at one o'clock P. M., and that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week at least, in the Newport Mercury.

ALBERT L. CHASE,
4-22 Probate Clerk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WILLIAM H. LANGLEY hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administrator on the estate of CHARLES H. LANGLEY, late of said Newport, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Newport, R. I., April 29, 1893.

NOTICE OF EXECUTRIX.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed and qualified by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Portsmouth, R. I., executrix of the last will and testament of STEPHEN C. MUNROE late of said Portsmouth deceased, respectfully requests all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to present them, and those indebted to make payment to PRISCILLA A. DURFEE,
4-22. Executrix.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been appointed Guardian of the estate of THEODORE SHERMAN, a person of full age, having a legal settlement in Middletown, R. I., by the Court of Probate of said town, and has duly qualified himself as such Guardian by giving bond to said Court. All persons having demands or claims against the estate of said Theodore, are hereby notified to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to the undersigned.

HENRY C. SHERMAN,
Guardian.
Middletown, R. I., March 28, 1893—6w

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., Guardian of the estates in the state of Rhode Island of WILLIAM V. BRANN and ELIZABETH J. BRANN, minor children of Thomas Brann, late of said Middletown, deceased, and has duly qualified himself as such Guardian by giving bond to said Court. All persons having claims against the estates of said minors, are hereby notified to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to the undersigned.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS,
Guardian.
Newport, R. I., April 22, 1893, 7w.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been chosen guardian of the estate of his minor son, ROWLAND S. SHERMAN, which choice has been approved by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., to which Court the undersigned has given bond and qualified himself to act as such Guardian. All persons having claims against the estate of said Rowland S. Sherman are hereby notified to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to the undersigned. HENRY C. SHERMAN,
Middletown, R. I., April 22, 1893, 7w.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, January 4, A. D. 1893.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, within and for the County of Newport, on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1893, and returnable to the March term of said Court, A. D. 1893, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the twenty-ninth day of September, A. D. 1892, in favor of George T. Baker and Wendall P. Hale, co-partners, as Baker, Hale & Co., both of the City and County of Providence and State of Rhode Island, plaintiffs, and against Hiram J. Murray, of the City and County of Newport, in said State of Rhode Island, defendant, I have this day at 20 minutes past 10 o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Hiram J. Murray, had on the ninth day of July, A. D. 1892, at 5 minutes past 11 o'clock P. M. (the time of the attachment on the original writ,) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land with all the buildings and improvements thereupon, situated in said City of Newport, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded as follows: Northerly, forty-nine feet on Market Square; Westerly, thirty-three feet on land of Benjamin H. Sherman; Southerly, on land of Isaac W. Sherman, and Easterly, on land conveyed by Charles P. Barber to Charles E. Hammett or however otherwise the same may be bounded. Recorded in Land Evidence, Vol. 61, page 597, of the City of Newport,

AND

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the State House in said city of Newport in said county on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of sale, my own fees and all contingent expenses of sheriff.

PARDON S. KAULL,
3-11-4w Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 4, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, SC.

The above sale is hereby adjourned to TUESDAY, the second day of May, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,
4 8 Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 2d, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, SC.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to SATURDAY, the 3d day of June, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,
5-6 Deputy Sheriff.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HOTELS

—AND—

Boarding Houses.

Parties about to furnish or refurnish Hotels or Boarding Houses would do well to call on us and get prices.

We quote the very lowest prices. Our goods are the best in quality.

CARPETS,
FURNITURE,
STOVES & RANGES,
STRAW MATTINGS,
BABY CARRIAGES,
REFRIGERATORS,

AND A COMPLETE LINE OF

Housefurnishing Goods.

A. C. TITUS & CO.

EVERYBODY

Seeks to secure the most value for money expended. Human nature is the same everywhere. In this connection we wish to say that the value offering by us in fine Ready-made CLOTHING, OVERCOATS and SUITS, can be relied upon as being the very best obtainable. Our superior lines of each will compare favorably with custom tailoring work, with this difference they are fully 40 per cent. lower in price, and decidedly better values than can be found elsewhere for the same money. As seeing is believing, call and judge for yourself.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Leading Outfitters.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

H. J. BAKER & BROTHER,

Office 215 Pearl St., New York.

Manufacture under special formula,

Complete, Chemical Odorless Manures, for POTATOES, CORN, GRASS, CABBAGE, TURNIPS, etc.

They supersede the use of Stable Manure.

HIGH GRADE FULL VALUE "A.A" Ammoniated Superphosphate. QUICK ACTING DONE BASE

and other Brands of Accredited Worth and High Standing.

These manures are no experiment. Year after year of actual field use by prominent agriculturists of Rhode Island and Massachusetts, sustain our claims, as proven in our pocket memorandum and account book, mailed free. For sale by

3-11 HERMAN F. PECKHAM, Middletown and Newport.